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Authorised Capital Rs. 50,00,000
Subscribed Capital Rs. 20,00,000
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Head Office:—
Devkaran Nanjee Buildings
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Branches at Thakurdwar, Sandhurst Bridge and Kalbadevi.
All kinds of Banking Business Transacted.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 228 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

INSURE WITH
REPRESENT
THE JUPITER
GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.
(Estd 1919)
for
LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, MOTOR ACCIDENT & WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION
"EWART HOUSE"
Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay. 1

Indian Student Killed Bv Nazi Bomb

Marshal Petain Bows To Japan

INDO-CHINA AS SPRING-BOARD FOR JAPAN

LONDON, September 23.

THE official Chinese newspaper in Shanghai asserts that all preparations have been made to meet any Japanese attack through Indo-China. The Chinese have proclaimed Martial Law througout the province of Yunan.

CHINA'S STRATEGY

A Chungking message says:—"China has had plenty of time to prepare for this eventuality. Our tactics will proceed in accordance with prearranged plans", declared a Chinese spokesman commenting on the Indo-China Agreement.

The number of Chinese troops in the Yunan and Kwangsi Provinces has not been divulged, but it is estimated that 200,000 men are massed along the border. The war Minister, General Hoying-Ching, recently visited the border to complete final preparations.

It is believed that the Chinese will not launch a general offensive into Indo-China, but it is possible that units will cross the border and occupy strategic positions in the mountains to form an outer ring of defence.

VICHY BOWS TO TOKIO

The conclusion of an agreement between France and Japan is announced in an official communique issued from Vichy which states that, with a view to contribute towards a New Order in East Asia and solution of the China question, negotiations on fundamental questions concerning French Indo-China were conducted in Tokio in friendly atmosphere last week.

The Japanese Government gave the French Government an assurance of its intention to respect French rights and interests in the Far East, particularly the territorial integrity of Indo-China.

The French Government consented to grant the Japanese Government special facilities in Indo-China for the Japanese Army and Navy to pursue their operations.

Bases For Japan

A Proclamation by the Governor-General Admiral Decoux states that the agreement concluded in Hanoi was based on an agreement previously signed by the Japanese Government and the French Ambassador in Tokyo. The air bases to be handed over to Japan are in Tonkin, which is the closest province of Indo-China to the Chinese Frontier.

Japanese Troops March Into Indo-China

An earlier cable stated:

Shanghai Japanese troops invaded French Indo-China at 10 p.m. yesterday, two hours before the expiration of the 72 hour ultimatum presented by Japan on Thursday.

According to a Haiphong despatch French troops resisted fiercely for two hours when the French signed an agreement bringing hostilities to an end at mid-night.

The attack was carried out from Japanese-occupied territory in South China.

Misunderstanding!

A later dispatch from Haiphong reveals that Franco-Japanese fighting in French-Indo-China was a result of misunderstanding.

An agreement was reached between French and Japanese last night, but apparently the Japan-

(Continued on page 5 Col. 4.)

FIVE JAPANESE DETAINED

LONDON, Sept. 23

An official communique issued in Singapore says that six Japanese were detained by the police yesterday.

One of them has since been released and the police are conducting investigations against the rest under the Official Secrets Ordinance.

A later Singapore message says:—

Two Japanese, one of whom is a woman, were charged with offence under the Official Secrets Ordinance and remanded. Six Japanese were detained yesterday for enquiries, but four were later released.—Reuter.

MORE RATIONING IN FRANCE

BERLIN, Sept. 23

Bread, pastry, cheese, coffee, Sugar, rice, meat, and fats will be rationed in France from today, according to a German News Agency announcement from Paris.—Reuter.

ANOTHER RAID ON BERLIN

Millions Seek Shelter As Alarm Sounds

BERLIN, Sept. 23

A High Command Communique discloses that the R.A.F. made another raid on Berlin last night and dropped bombs in northern Germany.

The Communique states: "Single enemy machine reached Berlin. No enemy aircraft was seen to be shot down. One of our planes is missing.

After a week's respite there was an air raid alarm in Berlin last night lasting from 11-55 p.m. until 2-15 a.m., according to the Berlin correspondent of the "Dagens Myheter", says a Stockholm message.

A.R.P. control was more severe than usual and soldiers repeatedly inspected buildings compelling every body remaining therein to seek cover in shelters.

The "Afton Bladet" correspondent states that the sirens drove millions to shelters. This correspondent says that although no bombs were dropped in Berlin itself, other German towns were bombed during the night.—

WIDESPREAD ATTACKS ON NAZILAND

A British Air Ministry Communique states: "All our aircraft returned safely from widespread successful operations in Germany, Holland, Belgium and France last night and early this morning.

Important aluminium works at Lauta, northeast of Dresden, were bombed and fires started. Railways in this neighbourhood were attacked at several points and near Dresden hits were scored on a supply train.

Strong bomber forces also attacked docks, harbours and shipping at Flushing, Antwerp, Dunkirk, Ostend, Zeebrugge, Calais, Le Havre, Harfleur and Brest.—Reuter.

BODY DUG OUT OF DEBRIS OF LONDON HOSTEL: OTHERS INJURED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, September 23.

The whole Indian community is raging with fury at the Nazi madness in bombing one of London's well-known hostels for Indian students in London, early this morning.

Despite the fact that the premises had a direct hit, there was only one case of fatality and a few minor injuries to the rest. About forty students had taken cover with deep bomb proof shelter built at great cost and labour.

Early callers at the hostel included the Deputy Indian High Commissioner, Mr. H. S. L. Polak and other educational authorities. The body of the Indian student Barendra Nath Sen, Accountancy student from Bengal, who died under the debris was recovered late in the afternoon.

All residents of the hostel are now being temporarily accommodated in the India House

M. M. WAGLE REMOVED TO HOSPITAL

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The Indian students hostel in Gower Street was damaged by a bomb during a recent raid. The casualties were fortunately low. One Indian student is missing and three have received superficial injuries, says "Reuter."

The student missing from the hostel is B. M. Sen from Calcutta. Slightly injured and removed to hospital are Dr. Sachin Mukerjee, son of the late Registrar of the Calcutta University and M. M. Wagle from Bombay and M. T. Shah whose address has not yet been ascertained as the hostel's records are under debris.

INDIA HOUSE TO AID

There were 26 students in the hostel during the raid. All those unnamed are quite unharmed. The Deputy High Commissioner visited Gower Street and the India House is doing everything possible for the students. Alternative accommodation has already been found and clothes and food provided.

Balance Sheet For The Week

LONDON, September 23

It is stated authoritatively that during the week ended September 21 Germany lost 265 machines in battles over Britain.

Britain lost 47 planes, but 28 pilots were saved.

In R.A.F. raids over the continent 12 British machines failed to return.—Reuter.

Sachin Mukerjee

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23.

Dr. Sachin Mukerjee, who was slightly injured during a recent bombing raid in Gower Street, London, is the second son of Dr. Aditya Mukerjee, a former Registrar of the Calcutta University.

Dr. Sachin Mukerjee, who is aged about 36, is a bachelor and has been in London for the last five years studying medicine. He returned to India in February this year and left by the middle of June to appear in the final M.R.C.P. examination.—A.P.

Indian Owned Hall Damaged

NAGPUR, Sept. 23.

Kingsnympton Hall in London, owned by Sir Maneckjee Dadabhoy, President of the Council of State, was damaged by a bomb in a recent air raid.

"The House was not insured against war risks," said Sir Maneckjee, "but the loss in no way weakens my determination to give the Government support in prosecution of the war. It is a shame that the Germans should wantonly destroy such a beautiful house."—A.P.

Anglo-Soviet Relations

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, Sept. 23.

I understand, following on receipt of a cable from New Castle and Gateshead branches of the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen that they were "gravely disturbed due to lack of progress in the Anglo-Soviet relations and request you to send us detailed information." Sir Stafford Cripps cabled them: "Don't be impatient. I am doing my best. My sympathy and best wishes for all Comrades."

Sir Stafford Cripps also asked enquirers to get into touch with Foreign Office for detailed information.

Raids On London

Waves Of Nazi Bomber Formations Broken Up And Driven Out In Disorder

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Authoritative reports, hitherto received, indicate that five enemy aircraft were shot down by fighters during this morning's air engagements over Britain.

FORMATIONS BROKEN UP.

There is brilliant sunshine in the Straits of Dover to-day and the sea is calm. The wind is south-west.

There was a short air-raid alarm in London this morning. A large force of German aeroplanes had previously passed over the Kent coast near the Straits of Dover. No incidents are reported in London area. The raiders were driven back by British fighters

Early reports indicate that losses were inflicted on the enemy.

RAIDERS BEATEN OFF

Four separate waves of German bombers and fighters crossed the coast in the morning. Anti-aircraft guns and British fighter patrols broke up the formations and the Messerschmitts soon broke off the engagement and fled in disorder across the Channel.

People near the coast of Kent say that the German formations today were led by gigantic four-engined bombers and the escorting Messerschmidts were merely butterflies by comparison.—Reuter.

EXCITING RESCUE.

Hundreds of people on the sea-front of Folkestone this morning watched the exciting rescue of a wounded German airman by a British Officer. When a Messerschmitt 109 was shot down in the sea the wounded pilot freed himself from the cockpit and rose to the surface among bubbles left by the machine.

A British Officer on the breakwater quickly stripped off his jacket, dived into the sea and swam 300 yards to where the German was struggling to keep afloat. He took a lifesaving hold of the pilot and swam back to the breakwater where it was found that the German had fractured an ankle and had bullet wounds.

LONDON'S CIVIL DEFENCE.

Practical experience of the past few weeks has demonstrated the fundamental soundness of London's civil defence organisation and the excellent spirit of its members, states the London County Council Civil Defence Committee in a report to the Council. The greatest demands have been made on the fire service and both the Regular and Auxiliary forces worked with the utmost energy at whatever tasks had arisen.

KING VISITS LONDON HOSPITAL.

The London Hospital which today celebrates its two-hundredth anniversary was visited by the King and Queen who talked to men and women of East End who were injured in air raids on London. They spent an hour and a quarter at the hospital which itself has suffered bombardment from the air.—Reuter.

National Govt. For Australia?

MELBOURNE, Sept. 23.

Mr. Menzies indicated that he is trying to form a National Government. Commenting on the election results, he said that taking Australia as a whole it was a clear mandate for the prosecution of the war with the utmost vigour.—Reuter.

Cabinet Crisis In Egypt

THREE MINISTERS RESIGN

DEMAND FOR WAR AGAINST ITALY

CAIRO, Sept. 23

An explanation of the resignation of the Ministers for Finance, Communications and Commerce and the Minister without portfolio, Aly Bey Ayoub is given in a letter which they have addressed to the Prime Minister which is splashed in Arabic newspapers.

The letter declares: "The Italian advance leaves no doubt of the determination of Mussolini to invade the country. We are of the opinion that there is no room the hesitation and have urged the adoption of the policy—recently endorsed by the Two Houses—clearly necessitating the defence of Egypt if the enemy advanced on her soil.

We are well aware of the danger to which Egypt is exposed resulting from the war, but consider it better for Egypt's honour and independence to bear such calamities than bear the shame of cowardice and humiliation of her reliance on others to defend her soil.

As the majority of the Cabinet does not share this opinion and considers the situation does not warrant such opinion being submitted to Parliament, we are forced to resign."—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

NAZI PLANS TO CAPTURE DAKAR

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The following statement was issued by the Ministry of Information this evening: Recent reports have shown that the Germans are making persistent efforts to bring Dakar under their control and movement of French ships from Toulon to Dakar which clearly would not have been effected without German permission gave further evidence of the attempt that was in contemplation.

In view of the fact that a considerable element of the population was opposed to the Vichy Government's policy of subservience to Berlin and had declared in favour of Free France, General de Gaulle decided to proceed with a Free French force to Dakar to assist those elements which supported his cause. He arrived off Dakar this morning and has summoned his followers to rally to the flag of Free France.

Resistance seems to have been encountered but the situation is not yet fully clear. General de Gaulle's Free French Force is accompanied by a British [illegible] which will lend him full support.—Reuter.

ITALIAN ADVANCE

CAIRO, Sept. 23.

Further details of the Italian advance from Libya now available show that one enemy column after repairing the road down the escarpment at Sollum which had been blown up by a British Sappers began to advance alongside the sea under a certain degree of cover afforded by low-lying sandhills. A second column advanced along the top of the escarpment to the Halifya Pass some 15 miles from Sollum, but when it attempted to descend the escarpment, it suffered severe casualties. At the last moment, the pass was blown up by retiring troops and the Italians were forced to dismount from their transports.

The Italians are halted at the moment inside Barrani district. The British are hitting the enemy hard and methodically whenever he exposes himself and hitherto British casualties are small.—Perter

MAHATMA'S CALL TO CONGRESSMEN

WARDHAGANJ, September 23.

"I want the prayers of all who believe in the efficacy of prayer, that the result of my visit to H. E. the Viceroy may prove fruitful to India, the British people, and ultimately conducive to peace between warring nations".

"I shall strain every nerve to avoid a civil disobedience struggle. But it would be wrong for Congressmen to go to sleep while an effort for peace is being made," he adds.

MAHATMA'S STATEMENT

The following is the full text of Gandhiji's statement:—

It is a happy thing that 'Khadi Week" coincides with my pending visit to H. E. the Viceroy. I want the prayers of all, who believe in the efficacy of prayer, that the result of my visit may prove fruitful to India, the British people and, ultimately, conducive to peace between warring nations.

I feel that though the issue raised by the A.-I.C.C. resolution seems small, it has in it great potency for the good of mankind.

"Khadi Week" is the name given by me to my birthday celebration. The birth annual celebration may be forgotten with my death. Therefore, I have popularised the birthday celebrations as "Khadi Week". It enables me to deal with the event impersonally.

I shall strain every nerve to avoid a civil disobedience struggle. But it would be wrong for Congressmen to go to sleep while an effort for peace is being made

I hope that no Congressman will think that because I have undertaken the command of the struggle, if it comes, the spinning and Khadi conditions are waived. Those who do not strictly conform to these and other conditions will find themselves left out if civil disobedience faces us.

Moreover, what will the millions do, who will never have to court any kind of suffering? The constructive programme is as much for them as for civil resisters. If it was confined to the latter only, the imprisonment of a few could never deserve to be called a national struggle. But voluntary suffering of even one person in the name of an organisation or nation, if backed by their unreserved co-operation by every manner prescribed by the commander, must ensure success.

Khadi and spinning are visible symbols that all can show. I would, therefore, expect a phenomenal rise in Khadi sales and spinning and village handicrafts during the celebrations of the work.

I may also mention that the A.-I. S. Association having given up the policy of taking loans, it has become necessary to receive donations if the work is not to be curtailed. The unexampled and unexpected rise in the wages of spinners has meant an increase of spinners. These cannot be provided for without more capital. Fortunately, workers have come forward to collect funds for the A.-I.S.A. I hope that there will be automatic response to the appeal.

The A.-I. S. A. is a purely humanitarian and economic institution. As such it has no politics, even though it has raised its character from the Congress. It is a purely autonomous body. All can, therefore, help it without scruples.

Khadi has, no doubt, political as it has economic and humanitarian significance. And viewed as the symbol of non-violence, even its political significance, in no way, detracts from its moral appeal. For genuine and unadulterated non-violence can have no colour of party politics.

The Congress will cease to be a party label, but will be universally acknowledged as a national institution having no quarrel with any party or nation."—United Press.

GANDHIJI LEAVING WARDHA TO-MORROW

Mahatma Gandhi is leaving Wardha on Wednesday morning for Simla to interview the Viceroy.

The interview will take place on Friday September 27.

It will be recalled that at the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee in Bombay Mahatma Gandhi said that he would go with the resolution to the Viceroy and explain to him the position to which the Congress had been reduced and ask for freedom of speech and civil liberty which according to Mahatma Gandhi are "the foundation stone of Swaraj."—A. P.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the 'SENTINEL' at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No (——), "The Bombay Chronicle".—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a bride for 26 years old Muslim Civil Officer getting Rs 425|- p. m. Should be 17 to 21 years of age, beautiful and moderately educated. Interested parties should personally write, giving full details Box No. 13668, "Bombay Chronicle."

Introductions for Matrimony, Penfriendship, Trade, other 431 hobbies arranged. India, Abroad. Members 9,566 (Both). Mrs. Shaabdane, Secretary, Globe Introduction League, Nizamshahi Road, Hyderabad Deccan. (13623)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

How to earn 500|- monthly? Scheme 2|8. No reply without remittance. K. Chand, King's Circle, Bombay. (13662)

Wanted Capable Clerks on Rs. 50-5-75 for our Branches. Probation one month Rs. 20|-. Apply:—The Dutton College, (London), Indian Headquarters, Egerton Road, Delhi. (13675)

Wanted—an experienced clerk (aged over 25 years) knowing accounts and out-door work. Gujarati knowing preferred. Apply with copies of testimonials personally at Dr. Patel & Sons, 351|55, Kalbadevi Road. (3440)

Wanted:—Managers, Assistants and Junior Clerks for branch-offices establishments throughout India. Apply with stamp. The Manager. Garcons Syndicate, Ajmeri Gate, Delhi. (13682)

Wanted 6 Sub-Overseers, 6 Elec. and Mech. Engineers, 4 Doctors. 6 Graduates and 8 Clerks to No. 13681, "Bombay Chronicle."

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Local Self-Government Service. Applications are invited from candidates desirous of joining L.S.G.L Diploma-Training Classes for Officers of Local Self-Government Service conducted under the joint auspices of this Institute and the Government of Bombay which commence on 1st November, 1940 at Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad. Lady students admitted at the Bombay Centre only. Fees for the course are Rs. 75|-. Prospectus and application form can be had from: The Director, Local Self-Government Institute, 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay. (3354)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0.
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTIFICATION.

COAL WAGON SUPPLY (1940-41)

THE COAL WAGON SUPPLY COMMITTEE hereby request all Consumers to put into stock as much coal as possible before December next in order that they may not be inconvenienced for want of coal during the next busy traffic season when fewer wagons will be available for coal traffic.

J. R. HARRISON,
Chairman,
Coal Wagon Supply Committee.

Calcutta,
Dated, the 6th September, 1940.
(3344)

WANTED

FOR DHARBHANGA MEDICAL SCHOOL HOSPITAL.

NURSING SISTER—European, Anglo-Indian or Indian. General and Midwifery certificates essential—preference will be given to one having experience in Theatre Work.

Salary:—Rs. 125-9-170 p.m. plus Rs. 50|- p.m. for board and servant and Uniform allowance of Rs. 100|- per annum. Free furnished quarters with lights and fans, etc., to a certain limit.

Apply with copies of certificates, testimonials, etc., on or before 4th October, 1940 to—

SECRETARY,
Nurses' Selection Committee,
Patna Medical College Hospital,
P.O. Bankipur (Patna).
(3388)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Assistant Professor in the Department of Vital Statistics and Epidemiology at the All-India Institute of Hygiene & Public Health, Calcutta.

The candidate should possess a high degree in Mathematics and should have had sound training in the subject of statistics. He should also furnish evidence of experience in dealing with statistics as applied to biological or public health problems and of research in such problems. Teaching experience is desirable. Other things being equal, a candidate possessing medical qualifications will be preferred.

PAY. Rs. 375-25-750 per mensem.

Full particulars regarding conditions of service, and the prescribed form of application, are obtainable from the Secretary, Recruitment and Appointment Board, C/o the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India, Imperial Secretariat, New Delhi.

The last date for the receipt of completed application forms is 5th October 1940.

3418

MOTOR DRIVING TUITION.

Janjira Motor-Training. Learn driving from Expert Teacher. Best Institution. Hundreds taught successfully. Charges moderate. Box 13674, "Bombay Chronicle".

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Real Cures for ailments by Mental Therapeutics and Medicaments, write to Sri P. Ramaswami, H. M. D. Bhaga, P. O. (Via Dhanbad). (13670)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Huge stocks of Acid Brilliantine Scarlet, Methylene blue, Direct Brown, Direct Black, Sulphur Black and other important dyes and colours to be sold at very cheap rates. Quality assured and samples sent. Rush enquiries to Box No. 13657, "Bombay Chronicle."

For Sale—In Calcutta First Class Theatre especially suited for theatrical performances, European or Indian programmes. Fitted and meantime being used as a Cinema. Central locality. Apply Box No. 3442, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

3235

THE TATA OIL MILLS CO., LTD., BOMBAY HOUSE, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY LIMITED, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 24th September, 1940, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st March, 1940 and the report of the Directors and Auditors, and to declare Dividend.
2. To elect a Director in place of Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, K.C.S.I., who retires in accordance with Article 127 of the Company's Articles of Association, but is eligible for re-election.
3. To elect a Director in place of Sir Ardeshir Dalal, Kt., who retires in accordance with Article 127 of the Company's Articles of Association, but is eligible for re-election.
4. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Fazal Ibrahim Rahimtoola, C.I.E., J.P., who retires in accordance with Article 126 of the Company's Articles of Association but is eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint the Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 6th September, 1940, to 28th September, 1940, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
Tata Sons, Ltd., Managing Agents,
H. P. MODY.
Director.

Bombay, 23rd August, 1940.

NOTE:—If Dividend as recommended by the Directors is passed at the Meeting, it will be paid on and after 25th September, 1940, to those Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 24th September, 1940.

3234

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of scrap timber available at the Carr. & Wagon & Elec. Stores Depot, Matunga, Bombay. Price per copy of tender form Re. 1/- which amount will not be refunded. Closing date 30th September 1940 at 3 P.M. (S.T.) Payment by cheques postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted.

3383

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ISMAIL CURRIMBHOY a Bombay Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Raja Mundial Bansilal.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, No. 101, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground situate near Bund Garden Road, Poona Camp, within the Suburban Municipal Limits of Poona in the Registration Sub-District of Haveli, District Poona, known as "Parekh Patti" and containing by admeasurement 28127 square yards or thereabouts and formerly bearing Survey Nos. 126 (part) 127 Sub No. 1 (part) Sub No. 2 (part), 128 Sub No. 1 (part) and Sub No. 3 (part) and now bearing Survey No. 354 Sub No. 3, Survey No 355A1 Sub No. 3 and Survey No. 353A Sub No. 1, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the Currimbhoy Road, on or towards the West by the property of Mulji Jetha, on or towards the North by land formerly belonging to Sir Fazalbhoy Currimbhoy and now to Gulamhussein Mollubhoy and on or towards the South partly by a Common Passage and partly by the property of Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Bart.

Dated this 20th day of September, 1940.

KHUNDERAO LAUD & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(3435)

Public Notices

THE TATA OIL MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED
Bombay House,
Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on TUESDAY, the 24th of September, 1940 at 5 P.M. (S. T.) or so soon thereafter as the Ordinary General Meeting convened for the same day is over for passing the following Resolutions:—

"I. (a) That the present Capital of the Company be increased from Rs. 47 Lakhs to Rs. 75 Lakhs by the creation of 1,12,000 new Shares of Rs. 25 each.

(b) That out of the said 1,12,000 new Shares 36,000 new Shares of Rs. 25 each be issued at present, such Shares ranking pari passu with the existing Shares in the Company subject to the provision hereinafter mentioned as to dividends.

(c) That the 36,000 new Shares and 4,842 Shares which so far remained unissued making a total of 40,842 Shares be offered at par in the first instance to the members of the Company on the Register of Members on the 31st day of October, 1940, or their nominees in the proportion of one new share of Rs. 25 each for every five existing shares held by them and that such offer be made by notice specifying the number of Shares to which the member is entitled and limiting the time within which the offer if not accepted by payment shall be deemed to be declined.

(d) That the said 40,842 Shares shall rank pari passu for dividends from the First Day of January 1941.

(e) That payment for the said 40,842 Shares be made as follows:—
Rs. 10 per Share on Application
Rs. 5 per Share on Allotment and the balance of Rs. 10 by a Call to be made not earlier than two months after the Allotment.

(f) That the Directors be empowered to dispose of any Shares not taken up in response to this offer as they consider expedient in the interest of the Company."

At the same meeting the Shareholders will be asked to pass the following Resolution as a Special Resolution:—

"2. (a) That the following Article shall be substituted for Article 6:—
"6. The present Capital of the Company is Rs. 75,00,000 divided into 3,00,000 Shares of Rs. 25 each."

(b) That the following words be omitted from Article 190:—"No other persons shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings."

By Order of the Board,
Tata Sons, Ltd., Managing Agents.
H. P. MODY.
Director.

Bombay, 23rd August, 1940.

ZANANA SHOW
TO-DAY: 1-30 P. M.
of
NAVYUG'S
Sparkling
Social
LAPANDAV
(HIDE & SEEK)
9th WEEK AT
NEW WEST END
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

REGAL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
See the HAVOC of NAZI AGGRESSION in
FOUR SONS
Don Ameche • Eugenie Leontovich
Mary Beth Hughes • Alan Curtis
George Ernest • Robert Lowery
Lionel Royce • Sig Rumann
(Free List Suspended)

Public Notices

PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT LOANS

3 Per Cent. LOANS, 1952.

GOVERNMENT OF THE PUNJAB
Rs. 175 lakhs (nominal) 2nd Issue
Issue Price Rs. 94-8-0 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED PROVINCES
Rs. 100 lakhs (nominal) 2nd Issue
Issue Price Rs. 94-8-0 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS
Rs. 70 lakhs (nominal) 2nd Issue
Issue Price Rs. 95-0-0 per cent.

GOVERNMENT OF ASSAM
Rs. 50 lakhs (nominal)
Issue Price Rs. 94-0-0 per cent

Each loan will bear interest from 1st September, 1940.

Open for one day only, viz., FRIDAY, the 27th September, 1940 and will be CLOSED at any time on that day as soon as subscriptions approximate to the amounts of each Issue.

Subscriptions will be in the form of Cash|Cheque.

Applications for all four loans will be received at the Offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Delhi from 10 A.M. STANDARD TIME.

Applications for any particular loan will also be received at branches of the Imperial Bank of India situated within the Province issuing that loan.

In the event of any one or more of the loans being oversubscribed proportionate allotment will be made to the subscribers.

N.B.—Applicants tendering their applications at the offices of the Reserve Bank of India, Bombay Calcutta, Madras and Delhi will, in the event of oversubscription, be given the option of transferring their cash refunds to any of the other loans at the same or a lower issue price which may not be fully subscribed, provided they complete and tender along with their loan applications the SPECIAL OPTION FORM, copies of which are obtainable on application from the abovementioned offices of the Reserve Bank of India.

Copies of the Notifications and Application Forms may be obtained at any Receiving Office along with a copy of the Press Communique giving the financial position of the Provincial Government(s).

(3437)

A PICTURE THAT RUNS TWENTY WEEKS HARDLY NEEDS ANY ADVERTISEMENT!
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
WOMAN
Starring:
SURENDRA, SARDAR AKHTAR & YAKUB
Director: MEHBOOB
20TH WEEK AT
PATHE
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

Narsi Bhagat
INSCRIBES A NEW FILM TESTAMENT in MOTION PICTURES
2nd WEEK
KRISHNA TALKIES
(DUBASH THEATRE)
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE
Time: 3, 6 & 9-30 p.m.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF SPECIALLY DESIGNED DRAWING, DINING AND BED ROOM FURNITURE, R. C. A. RADIO, ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on SUNDAY, the 29th September, 1940 at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Krishna Mahal, 1st Floor (East) Marine Drive, specially designed and made to order by Don Carlis drawing, dining and bedroom furniture such as settee, chairs, teapoys, dining table and chairs, side board, showcase, tea trawler, gent's and lady's writing tables, almirahs, bookcase, beds with mattresses, dressing table, child's beds and cot, racks, etc., also 1 R. C. A. Radio (6 valves) Property of J. B. de Bunetat, Esq.

On view from Thursday.

BENNETT & Co.

HE
That falls into Sin is a Man, that grieves at it is a "Saint"—FULLER
MINERVA'S 'Social Pukar'
BHAROSA
Directed By SOHRAB MODI
6TH WEEK AT THE MINERVA
An Evergreen Release.

Roger Mission Meets Bombay Committee

Talks Centre Round 'Area' System Of Organisation

BOMBAY, Monday.

Sir Alexander Roger and several members of the British Ministry of Supply Mission this (Monday) morning met the Bombay Provincial Advisory Committee for War Supplies at the Secretariat.

Sir Alexander explained the purpose of the Mission's visit to advise the Government of India and the British Government on the best ways of co-ordinating and utilising India's industries in the production of munitions and war supplies. In Britain, he said, the "area" system of organisation was working very well and, as far as possible, organisation within any particular industry was left to that industry itself.

Mr. H. Dow, Vice President, War Supply Board, said that the system of leaving organisation to industries themselves was being followed wherever practicable in India. The "area" organisation was also beginning to function with the assistance of the various Provincial Advisory Committees.

Mr. H. F. Knight, Chairman of the Bombay Provincial Advisory Committee, assured the Mission of the support of Bombay industrialists.

THOROUGH AND SYSTEMATIC INVESTIGATION ASSURED.

Sir Alexander Roger (leader of the British Ministry of Supply Mission to India) is anxious that the business community in Bombay should understand that the few visits which members of his Mission have been able to make to factories or workshops during the few days between their arrival in India and their departure on tour, should not be misinterpreted as constituting their examination of the industrial possibilities of Bombay for war supplies. It is the intention of the Mission, either as a whole or through individual members and advisers, to return to Bombay and make a thorough and systematic investigation at the earliest possible opportunity.

Burglaries In City

BOMBAY, Monday

The week-end was rather a busy period for the Police as there were abnormally increased activities on the part of some ingenious members of the underworld.

There were four cases of house-breaking and theft on Saturday.

Two shops in Kalyan Building at Kandewadi were burgled on Saturday night. The 'modus operandi' of the thieves has completely baffled the Police as the shops were broken open after obtaining access to the windows through the sweeper's lane to get to which a 10ft. high wall had to be clambered.

The thieves left no trace whatsoever and decamped with cash and property valued at Rs. 1,000.

Two minor incidents of house-breaking and petty theft are reported from Sankli Street and Kandewadi. Here the thieves helped themselves to some clothes only.

11 Gaming Arrests In Kalachowkie

During a raid carried out by the Kalachowki Police eleven persons were arrested under the Anti-Gambling Act last night and were produced before Mr. G. A. Sabnis at the Dadar Court to-day.

All the accused were offered bail till the 23rd of October.

MAHAR COLONY AT KHAR

The fact that he had lived for 11 years after his call to the Bar, in a single room tenement of an Improvement Trust chawl without a single chair or any other sort of furniture was revealed by Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, leader of the Independent Labour Party, at the opening ceremony which took place on Sunday afternoon of the new bungalows built at Khar under the auspices of the Kokanastha Mahar Co-operative Housing Society.

He advised the owners of the bungalows not to allow any social barriers to arise between themselves and the Mahar families living in neighbouring huts but to look upon it as their duty to enable them to come to build their own bungalows as soon as possible.

Among those present were Prof. V. G. Rao, Messrs. Surendranath Tipnis and A. V. Chitre.

The colony which will be named after Sir Roger Lumley will find accommodation for some 200 houses quite close to Khar Model Suburb and will be perhaps the best colony of its kind for the Depressed Classes.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

TO PROGRESS

The electric pylon is now a sign that the amenities and easier living of modern civilisation have come to the country side through which it runs.

The supply has to be guaranteed and only conductors as created by INDIAN CABLES of pure electrolytic copper, true to gauge throughout its miles of length, without flaws and joints, will give continuous service. THE INDIAN CABLE CO., LTD., hold large stocks of solid and stranded copper wires, which are guaranteed free from scale, splits and joints.

The INDIAN CABLE COMPANY LIMITED
CALCUTTA · KARACHI
MADRAS · ERNAKULAM
Agents
GILLANDERS ARBUTHNOT & Co.
BOMBAY · DELHI · LAHORE · RANGOON

DEATH TO RATS

The rat is man's most deadly enemy. Spreads fatal disease. Destroys millions of rupees worth of food and property. Exterminate these vermin, protect your life, health and property, with RATEX. RATEX is poison to rats, harmless to humans and pets. Stocked by good dealers. Re. 1/- a tin. Full directions for use and money-back guarantee included with each tin.

RATEX KILLS THEM

If you cannot obtain send Re. 1 (plus As. 6 for Postage) to:—
M. DEODHAR & SONS,
SHIRPUR, WEST KHANDESH

THERE MAY BE GERMS ON *YOUR* FOOD UTENSILS!

Utensils used for meals are seldom completely cleaned by scouring with ash or sand. Such inefficient methods scratch the polished surfaces and nearly always leave behind tiny particles of food lodging in the scratches. This is DANGEROUS! For these particles quickly decay and taint the food you eat from your dishes.

So protect your family from the ill effects of decayed food by cleaning all utensils with Vim. Vim always removes *every speck of food*, and it will make your dishes gleam like new! For woodwork too, and paintwork, wash-basins, baths, tiles, etc., Vim is the perfect cleaner—because Vim cleans so smoothly it simply can't scratch!

VIM KEEPS POTS AND PANS HEALTHY

LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED X-V 375-172

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 8, 1996
Muslim: Shaban 21, 1359
Parsi: Farvardin 20, 1310
Hightide: 4-12; 15-4o
Lowtide: 9-54; 22-14
Sunrise: 6h. 28m.
Sunset: 6h. 34m.

ROTARY CLUB OF BOMBAY

To-day (Tuesday) at Rotary Club of Bombay, luncheon meeting. Dr. Sorab J. Meher-Homji will speak on "Radium", Taj Mahal Hotel, 1-30 p.m.

JAMIAT SHUBBAN AL-MUSLIMEEN

"Mussalmans are Progressing" will be the subject on which Shubbanite will debate today (Tuesday), at 6 p.m. at the Jamiat's Hall, 138, Nagdevi St., Bombay 3. Mr. Yousouf Abdulla Fozan will preside.

HINDU NAGRIK SABHA (PAREL)

Under the auspices of the above Sabha, a meeting of the Hindu residents of Parel will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 9 30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Hindu Maha Sabha Catcheri, Bachubai Building, Poibavdi, Parel, to consider the question of holding Navratra celebrations.

GATHA SOCIETY

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 134-136, Apollo St., Fort, Bombay, when Mr. Behramgore Tehmuras Anklesaria will give an exposition in Gujarati of the Vahishta Ishti Gatha (Yasna Ha 53), Strophes 2—4. The meeting is open to the public.

HINDUSTANI NATIVE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

The meeting of the Managing Committee passed a condolence resolution on the demise of Seth Ganeshnarayanji, Proprietor of the firm of Ganeshnarayan Onkarmal. The office of the Association and the Marwari Commercial High School as well as the business of all its members were closed on Monday.

BOMBAY WAR PUBLICITY COMMITTEES

Loudspeaker programme to-day (Tuesday): GUJARATI

11-30 a.m. Recorded music. 11-35 News bulletin. 11-50 Recorded music. 11-55 "E Boats"—A talk. 12 Noon Recorded music. 12-05 p.m. "Signor Suner's Mission"—A talk. 12-10 p.m. Close down. 4-30 p.m. Recorded music. 4 35 "Fifth Invasion on England"—A talk. 4-40 Recorded music. 4-45 News Bulletin. 5 Recorded music. 5-05 "Why They Bomb London"—A talk. 5-10 Close down.

HINDUSTANI

12-30 p.m. Recorded music. 12-35 News bulletin. 12-50 Recorded music. 12-55 "German Army in Defeat"—A talk. 1 Recorded music. 1-5 "Spain, the Victim of Nazi Diplomacy"—A talk. 1-10 Close down. 6-30 p.m. Recorded music. 6-35 "Dictators Start the Middle East Game"—A talk. 6-40 Recorded music. 6-45 News bulletin. 7 Recorded music. 7-5 The Tragedy of France"—A talk. 7-10 Recorded music. 7-15 "R.A.F. raids tell their tale"—A talk. 7-20 Close down.

MARATHI

8 a.m. Recorded music. 8-05 News bulletin. 8-20 Recorded music. 8-25 "The Thorny Path"—A talk. 8-30 Recorded music. 8-35 "Even Nature Disfavours Germany"—A talk. 8 40 Recorded music. 8-45 Close down. 5-30 p.m. Recorded music. 6-35 "When Goebbels Lies"—A talk. 6-40 Recorded music. 6-45 News bulletin. 7 Recorded music. 7-05 "General De Gaule"—A talk. 7-10 Recorded music. 7-15 "Power of the R.A.F."—A talk. 7-20 Close down.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Lost Horizon" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Four Sons". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Two Girls on Broadway". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Torrid Zone". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
NEW EMPIRE—"One Million B.C." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Reshmi Sari". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Woman". Daily at 3-30, 5-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Lapanday". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Bharosa". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Narsi Bhagat". Daily at 3, 6 and 9-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Devyani". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Dnyaneshwar". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.

MUSICAL EVENING OF SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

Organ Recital

The third musical evening of the Symphony Orchestra at St. Thomas' Cathedral was incidentally open to the public and a collection for the Organ Fund took place in the interval, on Saturday evening

Though a good programme was arranged and the attendance, too, was satisfactory, it was evident that fewer actual members of the Society were present. A little more variety in the members' musical evening programmes would be widely appreciated and even a couple of items for a trio or quartet (strings) would add considerably to their popularity.

The Cathedral organist, Mr. H. J. Miller, was good in his pedal technique and in the phrasing and rhythm. Organ composition seems to arise periodically as in the late 16th and the 17th centuries—well represented on the programme—and the contemporary period represented by Bridge, Scott and Widor towards the end of the recital. The rendering of Handel's concerts No. 11 in G. minor and Purcell's Trumpet voluntarily call for special mention.

Mrs. Cheetham's soprano was very effective and her phrasing very distinct—in fact, her items in the programme were too few.

The next Symphony Orchestra concert is on the 4th of November.

APPEAL ADMITTED

Failure To File Accounts Of Bohra Wakf

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Wassoodew)

Gulamhussein Alibhoy Jariwalla: Appellant
Versus
The King-Emperor: .....Respondent

The appellant was found guilty of offences of failing to file particulars and to file a statement of account as required by Sections 3 and 5 respectively of the Musalman Wakf Act of 1923 and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 200 and in default to suffer one month's simple imprisonment, on each charge by the Chief Presidency Magistrate of Bombay on 9th July last. Against this order the present appeal was preferred.

The appellant and three others were "de facto" trustees of a property situated at Bholwada in Bombay, which was purchased by them out of subscriptions collected from the Dawoodi Bohras of Sunnel for the support and maintenance of an educational institution called the "Madresa-e-Haideria" at Sunnel. On 7th December 1934, these four persons, including the appellant, executed a Declaration of Trust in respect of the said Bholwada property. The Chief Presidency Magistrate held that this Declaration of Trust amounted to a Wakf, of which the present appellant was one of the Mutawallis and he was, therefore, bound to furnish the particulars and the statement of account required by the Wakf Act. Having failed to do so, he was found guilty and sentenced as above.

The appellant sought to appeal from this order on two main grounds. First, that the subscriptions having been collected at Sunnel and the Madressa being situated at Sunnel the Wakf Act did not apply though the moneys were invested in a property in Bombay and secondly, that the Declaration of Trust of 7th December 1934 was not a Wakf because it was not made by the original subscribers or owners of the trust funds, but by the "de facto" trustees.

Their Lordships made an order admitting the appeal.

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai appeared for the appellant.

Municipal Corporation Press Gallery Association

The annual general meeting of the Municipal Corporation Press Gallery Association was held on Monday when the following office-bearers for the ensuing year were elected:—Mr. J. Mackwan (President), Managing Committee; Messrs. B. H. Rau, H. F. Pavri, K. M. Shah, C. M. Desai and K. K. Saikade. Secretary and Treasurer: Mr. J. M. Ghate.

Fate Of Deorukhkar's Resolution

A novel proposition was moved in the Municipal Corporation on Monday by Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar to name certain streets in Bombay after the past and present Mayors, but it was skipped off without any discussion.

Mr. Jamnadas wanted to know why Mr. Deorukhkar had not selected one locality or Street to perpetuate his own name!

At this stage Dr. S. P Mehta moved and Dr. A. J. Collaco seconded that the House do proceed to the next item on the agenda which being agreed to, the proposition was skipped over, midst peals of laughter.

The House then adjourned till Thursday.

Bombay War Gifts Fund

Amount previously acknowledged. Rs. 18,39,264/11/6. Latest contributions for the Lord Mayor's Relief Fund, R.A.F. & I.A.F., Indian Red Cross and for non-combatant purposes include Rs. 1,350 Mr. D. Nilsson, Rs. 10,046/6/6 through the Hon. Secretary, Bombay War Gift Fund, Jalgaon Distt. Committee, Rs. 6,815/14/6 through the Treasury Officer, Kanara, Karwar Distt. and make the Grand Total of Rs. 18,60,964/14/6 till Sept. 23, 1940.

RASHTRABHASHA PRACHAR EXAM. RESULTS

The results of the various examinations held on 10th and 11th of August 1940 by the All-India Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti, Wardha, will be declared to-morrow (Wednesday). The results can be had at the Provincial office of the above Samiti, i.e. the Hindi Prachar Sabha, Adenwala Mansion, Chowpati Seaface, near Wilson College, Bombay, between 4 and 6-30 p.m. on week days.

Gandhi Jayanti In City

Five-Day Programme Chalked Out By B.P.C.C.

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee announce:

The 72nd birth anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi will be celebrated in Bombay under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee from Saturday, September 28 to Wednesday, October 2. As usual an elaborate programme has been chalked out covering items of the constructive programme of the Congress on which Gandhiji is always very keen. Throughout the five days of the Gandhi Jayanti, special efforts will be made by all Congressmen to increase the sales of Khaddar. The Jayanti celebrations will be specially utilised for doing propaganda of the resolution passed by the A.I.C.C. at its meeting held in Bombay during the last week. Several public meetings will be held in the City both by the B.P.C.C., and the District Congress Committees at which the Congress position regarding the present political situation will be explained.

The B.P.C.C. is publishing a small pamphlet giving the A.I.C.C. resolution and the historic speeches made by Mahatma Gandhi on both the days of the A.I.C.C. meeting.

NOT A MATTER OF ARGUMENT

The Hon. Secretary, A.I.S.A. Bombay Branch writes:—

It would be an inhuman act to discuss the merits of the various systems of medicine when faced with a patient almost shaking with unbearable pain. Humanity demands that he be given immediate relief by whatever remedy is handy.

It is equally inhuman to discuss whether industrialisation or the Charkha is the right kind of economics when thousands are dying of starvation due to enforced unemployment.

You must rush to their immediate help by whatever means available.

The Charkha has fed many a hungry mouth and has staved off the evil day.

Andheri Sahitya Sabha

ANDHERI: Sept. 23.

Under the auspices of the above society a meeting was held on Sunday morning when Kavi "Hans" gave some of his interesting lyrics and national songs which thrilled the audience. The programme was opened with a debate on the proposition that "all public institutions should be controlled by younger blood and not by older generation."

The proposition was moved by Sjt. I. C. Bhatt and was opposed by Sjt. M. C. Vaidya. The proposition was, however, lost.

The meeting ended after the Hon. Secretary had expressed thanks to Kaviji on behalf of the "Sahitya Sabha."

Charge Framed Against Aden Merchant

BOMBAY, Monday.

A charge under Rule 19 (5) of the Defence of India Rules was framed to-day by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, against Raojibhai Purshottamdas Patel, a merchant at Aden.

The accused was arrested on September 12, on his arrival in Bombay from Aden, on a charge of conveying a private code into British India.

The accused pleaded not guilty.

The case stands adjourned to September 27.

Railway Enquiry Court In Session

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

At today's sittings of the Railway Enquiry Court, Arjunji Anand, a grocer from Bombay was cross-examined by the counsel for the Railways.

In the cross-examination it transpired that in one particular instance, the entry that he had made in his day-to-day journal did not tally with the figure quoted in his statement.

The discrepancy was explained by him in this way. He said that some mistakes due entirely to oversight, might crop up. They were not deliberate. The mistakes were very often against the interests of the workers as the rates quoted in the statement were much lower than the actual prices at which commodities were sold.

LATHI CHARGE ON GWALIOR STRIKERS

(From A Correspondent).

GWALIOR, Sept. 22.

Yesterday was the sixth day of the labour strike at Gwalior J. C. Mills. The workers are firm and the strike continues. Conferences and canvassing, are going on as ever before (now three miles beyond the Mill-area on account of the Sec. 32). The promulgation of Sec. 32 of the Police Manual has caused bitter resentment amongst the workers.

'Sarvajanik Sabha' has declared its neutrality in the dispute, though its sympathies are with the workers purely on the issue of civil liberties.

The Police made a lathi charge on the workers who were picketing at the gates of the local J. C. lathi charge was indiscriminate and even the passerby and spectators were not spared.

The morale of the workers is very strong and the strike is complete.

"Sporting Times" Sued For Damages

Mr. Hussein Khairaz, Advocate, has filed a suit for damages against the "Sporting Times" for alleged defamation.

The suit is the outcome of certain comments made by Mr. Khairaz as Racing Correspondent of the 'Sunday Standard" which provoked a pointed retort from the "Sporting Times". Mr. Khairaz regards this as an unjustified personal attack on himself.

CONCERTS FOR WAR FUND

JULLUNDER, Sept. 23

The District War Committee has decided to organise a series of entertainments during the coming Dussera festival in aid of the War Fund. The programme includes a wrestling carnival, a war propaganda symposium and concerts.—A. P.

Sind Govt. Grants Dearness Allowance

KARACHI, Sept. 21.

In view of the increasing tendency in the prices of foodstuff and food-grains as a consequence of the war, the Government of Sind have decided that whenever the price of the common staple food-grains rises by more than 50 per cent above the pre-war level, all whole time Government servants throughout the Province whose pay is Rs. 30 per mensem or less shall be granted grain compensation allowance of rupee one and those drawing pay exceeding Rs. 16 but not Rs. 30 per month will be granted Rs. 2 per month.

Rice and wheat will be assumed to be the staple food-grains for the whole of Sind.—United Press.

A.-I. T. U. C. Chief For Bombay

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23.

Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerji, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, leaves to-morrow for Bombay to attend the Biennial session of the Congress which will be held on September 28 and 29. —United Press.

Bannu District Board Suspended

PESHAWAR, Sept. 23.

The Governor of the N.W.F.P. has passed orders superseding the District Board of Bannu on grounds of incompetency. The duties of the Board will now be performed by the Deputy Commissioner.—United Press.

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

LAST 3 DAYS!

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

FRANK CAPRA'S GREATEST PRODUCTION
RONALD COLMAN
LOST HORIZON
A COLUMBIA PICTURE

WANTED! VIGOROUS BABIES

Kicking, laughing babies grow into active, energetic and fine adults. Do everything you can to make your youngster a battling baby, and you will be proud of him for life.

THE FOOD FOR WHICH BABIES CRY

Mother's Milk is nature's reply, but suppose enough can't be given, then you may have to supplement with cow's milk. Your baby cannot digest cow's milk unless boiled water has been added to weaken it. This dilution is as necessary for the child who has only recently taken to solid food as it is for baby.

FOOD FOR STRENGTH

Baby's active little muscles cannot work without sugar of a special kind. Cow's milk has only half the sugar that is needed, so when you dilute it as you must, baby is getting less than half the muscle-food he has to have. His fat gets used up instead, and he becomes a pathetic little creature, awakening pity in all your friends.

Something must be done. Add the right kind of sugar to his properly diluted cow's milk.

The only Sugar for Baby

Young baby can't digest ordinary sugars; his stomach is not strong enough and so he gets upsets, such as wind and diarrhoea.

KARO SYRUP is the scientifically correct sugar to add to baby's food. With cow's milk and water which has been boiled, KARO makes food as near to mother's milk as you can get.

Ask any doctor if this is not true

Karo SYRUP

FOOD FOR A-C-T-I-O-N

Please write for full advice about feeding your baby to: Dept. B 17. Corn Products Co. (India) Ltd., P. O. Box 994, BOMBAY.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1940.

DISGUISING AUTOCRACY

The Viceroy, to whom the recent amendment of the Government of India Act transferred, in an emergency, all the powers ordinarily vested in the Secretary of State and Parliament, is now given further powers, normally used by His Majesty. The Instrument of Instructions has now been so amended as to release him from the obligation to reserve for His Majesty's assent certain Bills "if he is satisfied that the conditions created by the present war have rendered it impossible or inexpedient that he should act in accordance therewith." The Viceroy thus becomes a perfect autocrat, comparable with the European Dictators. It is significant, indeed, that the British Government, professing to fight for democracy for Europe, intensifies autocracy in India.

Expansion Of Council

Attempts will, of course, continue to be made to disguise autocracy with the appearance of popular Government through the device of an expanded Executive Council. So far they have not been half so successful as they were desired to be. It may be remembered that the Viceroy expressed the hope that it would be possible for him to complete the programme of expansion before the end of August. August has gone and September also has nearly gone but the scheme of expansion does not seem to be near completion. So many difficulties are cropping up in its way that the Simla correspondent of the *"Madras Mail"* reported last week that "indications were not lacking that the expansion of the Viceroy's Council would not take place after all". And among the difficulties in the way he mentioned the conflicting demands of the Muslim League and the Hindu Mahasabha. But a much greater difficulty is the Congress decision to be out of the entire scheme. The original object of the scheme was to associate the "major political parties" with the Government so as to make it look like a National Government. But since the biggest party is now definitely out of the picture it is impossible to maintain even a semblance of National Government.

Easily Satisfied

Nevertheless the Viceroy will persist in his scheme to disguise his autocracy. It is true that he is still confronted with big and conflicting demands by the Mahasabha and the Muslim League. But not all the demands of these bodies are conditions for the acceptance of his offer. Some of them are so shrewdly worded that it should be easy enough for him to concede them. For instance, the League reiterates its scheme of partitioning India but does not insist upon the acceptance of even its principle as a condition of co-operation. The Mahasabha insists on "a clear and definite declaration that the Government has not approved or accepted any such proposal or scheme." Both parties can be easily satisfied by the Viceroy with the reply that Government have not so far committed themselves to any such scheme but will, when the time comes, duly consider every such scheme on its own merits. Much clarification is sought by both parties but it appears that soon their demands will resolve themselves into one for a certain number of seats in the Viceroy's Council. However, it is something that the Mahasabha not only cherishes the ideal of complete Independence for an undivided India but also demands "Dominion Status of the Westminster type within a definite time limit, not exceeding a year after the war". The Working Committee of the Mahasabha has also adopted a resolution calling upon all Hindus "to organise themselves with all speed and effectiveness and to be prepared for a struggle if necessary" This is certainly a manlier view than that expressed by the Mahasabha leader who said that the word 'non-co-operation' was non-existent in the dictionary of the Mahasabha. The country will watch with interest what the League and the Mahasabha will do if they are not given the number of seats they have demanded in the Viceroy's Council. It will also watch with interest what the Council can do without the co-operation of the Congress

Reserve Bank & Co-operative Movement

In the series of resolutions which the National Planning Committee has adopted, as constituting the basis for its final report, it has characterized as "unhelpful" the attitude of the Reserve Bank of India in regard to agricultural credit. This conclusion is borne out by the unsympathetic treatment which that Bank has meted out to the co-operative movement and the unimaginative stand it has adopted in the matter of all programmes of development. The formation of the Agricultural Credit Department of that Bank has resulted in no tangible progress in the provision of facilities for the development of agricultural credit, the main achievement of that Department, hitherto, having been the publication of two laboriously compiled reports and some half a dozen bulletins which may have enriched the libraries of co-operative banks but have brought them in no closer contact with the central banking system of the country. Now on the top of this the authorities of the Reserve Bank have by a stroke of the pen, deprived all co-operative organizations, from the village society right up to the bank at the apex, of one of the most valuable of the facilities they enjoyed, namely, the privilege of transferring funds, free of charge, from one centre to another through Government treasuries. This concession enabled co-operative societies to draw funds freely when required from provincial or district headquarters and to remit surplus funds when no longer needed to their balancing centres So vital is this concession from the point of view of developing credit facilities, and banking habits in rural areas that the Indian Central Banking Inquiry Committee after its exhaustive investigation ten years ago emphatically expressed the view that no attempts should be made to curtail the privilege of free transfer of funds for co-operative purposes such as the payment and repayment of loans and deposits. This view has been endorsed by subsequent sessions of the All-India Conference of the Registrars of Co-operative Societies and the Provincial Co-operative Inquiry Committees set up in several parts of the country—apart from representations made on the subject by co-operative societies and banks themselves.

The Reserve Bank of India, however, without taking the slightest trouble of appreciating the standpoint of co-operators and the considered opinions of responsible committees of inquiry, has now decided summarily to withdraw, with effect from effect from 1st October, this facility of free transfer of funds enjoyed by co-operative societies for the last thirty-six years. All remittances in future will have to be paid for, transfers of sums less than Rs. 5,000 having to be made at charges double those of transfers for larger amounts. Thus co-operative societies in the rural areas will be penalized for the small scale of their operations and the free flow of funds which is so helpful in building up a healthy banking system will be impeded. Unfortunately, despite the definite provision made on the subject in the report of the Select Committee on the Reserve Bank of India Bill, the co-operative movement has not been accorded any representation on the Central Board of the Reserve Bank. We do not know, however, whether it is not possible for some other member of the Board to have this question reconsidered in view of the need for continuing, if not increasing the facilities for the transfer of funds which play such a large part in the growth of banking in any country, and particularly in a country like ours where remittance facilities for the countryside—the places where co-operative societies and banks function almost to the exclusion of other organized credit agencies—are extremely poor and defective.

GOERING'S BID

FOR FUEHRERSHIP OF FRANCE

George Slocombe writes in "Sunday Express":—

Glittering as any of Napoleon's marshals the monstrous, medal-starred figure of Goering dominates conquered Paris.

Hitler has taken over, lock, stock, and barrel, Napoleon's European system; a Europe ruled by princes of his own choice, by members of his own family, or by marshals of his victorious armies, with the Imperial Court as its focal centre.

The only changes made by Hitler are that Germany takes the place of France, that Berlin and not Paris becomes the sun of this Nazi solar system.

For Hermann Goering, Hitler's companion since the early days of the Nazi movement, is reserved the plum—the Fuehrership of France.

GOERING PLAN

And now the Fuehrer's chief lieutenant is exerting all his "bonhomie", his genial manners, his slightly melodramatic but all the same attractive audience—the population of Paris.

He hopes to conquer France as Napoleon completed the conquest of Italy—by expelling the old regime, by posing as a deliverer, by announcing the dawn of the new revolutionary era, by claiming the Nazi revolution as identical with the revolution which always succeeds to military defeat in France, the revolution now clamoured for by the disillusioned, the betrayed, the starving masses.

The astute, scheming and far-seeing marshal conceals a cold political intelligence of a high order behind his apparent joviality and simplicity, his mountebank vanity and "gourmandise."

GREAT SCHEMER

Goering lives in a sumptuous suite at the Ritz. And he lunches and dines daily at the famous restaurants of Paris—Maxim's and Larue's and the Crillon. But he takes good care to be seen by the people. He walks gaily along the boulevards, smiling and bowing to left and right, waving his baton jovially at the heel-clicking German officers drinking beer on the terrace of the Cafe de la Paix.

When he enters the door of a restaurant he is careful to appear unassuming and modest. He outdoes the French in politeness. Unlike Hitler, he speaks French. In that language he converses with his guests. If he talks to a French officer, he is lavish with his praise of the valour of the French Army, a valour only comparable with that of the Germans, and only vanquished by German technical superiority and military invincibility.

GOERING LEGEND

In short, he is building up a Goering legend, as a legend was built up round Murat and Ney: "Le roi des braves."

Goering counts for the success of his political conquest of France on three things.

First, the discredit which the associates of Marshal Petain (the marshal himself is still a venerable, if pathetic figure) have brought on the present Government, both in occupied and in unoccupied France.

Second, the growing economic disorder, the threatened famine, the breakdown in communications, the disillusionment and indifference of the population in both areas.

Third, the psychological effect of the German victory, the incessant propaganda by German-controlled Frenchmen, the politeness and even cordiality of the German soldiers, the resentment caused by the destruction of the French fleet at Oran, the growing tales of German victories and British reverses.

That is Hitler's imperial plan for France. And what is destined for France is destined for all Europe.

Islam Opposed To Nazi Ideology

BEIRUT, (By Air Mail).

That no intelligent Muslim brought up in the true spirit of Islam can have any truck with the Nazi Ideologies, is the conclusion arrived at by Muhammed Najati Sidgi, well known Syrian Arab author whose latest publication "Islamic Beliefs and Nazi Principles" is creating a sensation here.

"There can be no question," writes Mr. Sidgi, "that the spirit of Islam is totally opposed to Nazi principles. This opposition embarrasses every subject, forms of Government, society, family, economics, education and personal freedom.

Who could ever have anticipated that a day would come when there would arise a man called Hitler who would give orders for the burning of translations of Averroes and Ibn Khaldoun in the public squares of Berlin?"

The author summarises the Muslim attitude towards the Allies by stating that "The Muslims do not oppose Hitler because he is the enemy of a certain nation but because his principles are satanic, his acts are barbaric, his aims are monstrous."

Mme Chiang-Kai Shek On Mission To Malaya

SINGAPORE, (By Air Mail)

Rumours are current here among local political circles that Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek wife of General Chiang-Kai-Shek may soon come to Malaya on a good-will mission.

No official confirmation is available at the Singapore Chinese Consulate General. Nor is it known as to when she will come here and with whom. But the Singapore Chinese are already making provisional plans for the expected visit. Should the visit materialise, Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek, it is asserted here, will be assured of a warm welcome by local Chinese, as well as Malayan population who are strongly pro-Chinese National Movement.

Madame Chiang-Kai-Shek it is claimed has many Malayan women admirers, while the local Chinese Girls consider her as the ideal of Chinese womanhood.

Turko-Soviet Relations

ISTANBUL (By Air Mail).

In order to maintain the friendly contact existing between the two nations, Turkish Naval Units have been withdrawn to the south-west of the Black Sea so as to avoid friction with units of the Soviet Navy which are sailing near the Danube Estuary and Bulgarian Ports.

It is understood courtesy visits will be exchanged between the Turkish and Russian Naval Commanders.—Islamic Press.

Laval's New Role

LONDON, (By Cable).

The former Paris correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian" writes:

"Little importance is attached for the present in well-informed quarters in London to the Washington report that a much stiffer attitude to Germany is to be observed at Vichy, and that with Vichy's approval, a new French Government may be set up in North Africa that would renew the Franco-British alliance.

The Vichy Government is as much as ever under the German thumb. The man in command

(Continued on page 6, col. 3)

"George Cross" For Civilians

LONDON, Sept. 23.

The institution of a new distinction for civilians entitled George Cross, now that Britain is "a nation on guard and in the line" was announced by the King in a broadcast this evening.

KING'S BROADCAST.

The King said: "It is just over a year since the war began. The British people entered it with open eyes recognising how formidable were the forces against them, but confident in the justice of their cause. Much has happened since September 1939. Great nations have fallen. The battle which at that time was so far away,—we could only just hear its distant rumblings,—is now at our very doors.

INVASION ARMIES

Armies of invasion are massed across the Channel only twenty miles from our shores. Air fleets of the enemy launch attacks day and night against our cities. We stand in the front line to champion the liberties and traditions that are our heritage

As we brace ourselves for battle there is much to encourage us. We have with us brave contingents from the forces of our Allies. We have behind us the goodwill of all who love freedom. Our friends in the Americas have shown us this in many ways, not the least by their gifts for the relief of suffering in this war.

Nearer home, in the British Commonwealth of Nations itself, the struggle of the mother country has been made the struggle of the whole family. From every part of it men and material are coming in increasing flow and there is an eager desire to share the sacrifices which will bring us victory.

BATTLE FOR BRITAIN.

In this battle for Britain, London, the mighty Capital of the Empire, occupies the forefront. Others of our cities are being subjected to barbarous attacks of the enemy Our sympathy goes out to them all, but it is London that is for the time being bearing the brunt of the enemy's spite. I am speaking from Buckingham Palace, with its honourable scare, to Londoners first of all, though my words apply equally to all the British cities, towns and hamlets who are enduring the same dangers.

The Queen and I have seen many places here which have been most heavily bombed and many of the people who have suffered and are suffering most. Our hearts are with them tonight. Their courage and cheerfulness, their faith in the country's cause and final victory are inspirations to the rest of us to persevere.

WONDER OF WORLD.

To men and women who carry on the work of air raid precautions services I should like to say a special word of gratitude. The devotion of these civilian workers, the firemen, the salvage men and many others in the face of grave and constant danger has won new renown for the British name. These men and women are worthy partners of the armed forces and police—of the navy, once more as so often before our sure shield and the merchant navy, of the army and home guard alert, eager and ready to repel any invader and of the air force whose exploits are the wonder of the world.

NATION ON GUARD

To-night, indeed, we are a nation on guard and in the line. Each task, each bit of duty done, however simple and domestic, is part of our war-work. It takes rank with the sailor's the soldier's and the airman's duty. Men and women in factories or of railways, working regardless of danger though sirens have sounded, are maintaining all services and necessities of our common life and keeping the fighting line well supplied with weapons and earn their place among the heroes of this war. No less honour is due to all those who night after night uncomplainingly endure discomfort and hardships in their homes and shelters.

GLORIOUS DEEDS

Many and glorious are the deeds of gallantry done during these perilous but famous days. So they should be worthily and promptly recognised. I have decided to create immediately a new mark of honour for men and women in all walks of civilian life. I propose to give my name to this new distinction which will consist of the George Cross ranking next to the Victoria Cross and the George Medal for wider distribution.

CITADEL OF FREEDOM

In the hour of her trial the mother city of the British Commonwealth is proving herself to be built as a city that is at unity in itself. It is not walls that make a city, but the people that live within. The walls of London may be flattened, but the spirit of the Londoner stands resolute and undismayed As in London so throughout Great Britain.

(Continued on page 5, Col. 5)

Frankly Speaking

Egypt's Position

An Egyptian cabinet crisis has resulted in the resignation of four important Ministers who were in favour of Egypt immediately declaring war upon Italy. This crisis, however, does not materially affect the situation yet, nor need it be interpreted as a desire on the part of the Egyptian Government to renounce their Treaty obligations. As we suggested the other day, the fact that Marshal Graziani is confining his operations to the coast, with the British Naval base, Alexandria, as his objective, may be regarded as a desire on the part of Italy not to invade Egypt proper. So far the advance remains a matter strictly between Britain and Italy without involving Egypt. Egypt, therefore, considers herself justified in awaiting further developments. Meanwhile, if Marshal Graziani has decided to move only along the coast, the British army, assisted by the Navy, is well able to stop him somewhere near Mersa Matruh

Murder Of Children

The traditions of Nazi barbarism in Austria, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Belgium, Holland and in Germany itself are such that not the most fiendish outrage can occasion any surprise. Yet the circumstances under which a British ship conveying evacuee children to Canada was deliberately torpedoed, resulting in the death of 294 passengers including 83 children, are too horrible to be dismissed as just another Nazi atrocity. The civilized world is bound to be profoundly stirred by the news of this dastardly and cowardly murder of those who were too young to defend themselves, too young even to grasp the significance of the calamity that overtook them so suddenly and already we read of the horror and indignation with which the news was received in the United States. Even in the bad old days, when murderous brigands and freelooters infested the earth, the unwritten laws of chivalry were always observed and women and children were never molested. Hitler's twentieth century assassins seem to have no such scruples. Such outrageous crimes against humanity cannot go unpunished and the murderers of babies had better prepare for the nemesis which is sure to overtake them

Spain And Axis

The results of Senor Suner's important visit to Berlin and Herr von Ribbentrop's dash to Rome—presumably in connection, among other things, with the problem of Spain's claims—have not yet materialised. But it may be supposed that some sort of make-shift compromise has been arrived at between the conflicting ambitions of Italy and Spain. Axis dictators are always profuse with plausible pledges only to be broken at the right moment. The fact that Madrid papers are full of friendly words to the Axis shows that Herr Hitler's diplomacy has not failed. But besides the problem of what has been promised to Spain, the question still remains as to whether General Franco will immediately enter the war.

Does Vichy Know?

Says the Rome correspondent of a Spanish paper: "The special fact that it is logical to suppose that the relations of Spain with the Axis will be characterised by lively cordiality does not authorise prophecies to which some abandon themselves as for instance, the possible entry of Spain into the war." This would almost mean that Spain would not enter the war, which is very much less likely than that she would do so sooner or later whether by force or fraud or of her own free will. Incidentally, we wonder if the Men of Vichy realize the one thing that Senor Suner's tour has already made clear, namely, that the Axis Powers have decided to deprive France of her African colonies where Marshal Petain is trying to suppress anti-Axis revolts with the help of his navy and his collaborator General Weygand.

The Pity Of It

Vichy's capitulation before Japan was a foregone conclusion. But what astonishes us is the nature of the terms—it is said that they are the results of repeated modifications—to which the Men of Vichy and Admiral Decoux have submitted. They have virtually converted French Indo-China into a vast base for Japan's operations—both military and aerial—against a country with which Petain's France is still on terms of friendship! Little better, of course, could be expected from men who are so contemptibly demoralised. But what are the other Great Powers going to do? It is a pity that joint action by Russia, America and Britain is out of the question otherwise Japan will sober down in no time. But each one of them can, at least separately, do a good deal for China which all the three regard as a bulwark of of resistance against Japanese aggression.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Questioned by press representatives whether a refusal by the Viceroy to make the necessary declaration regarding the Pakistan scheme would mean non-co-operation by the Hindu Mahasabha, a prominent member of the Working Committee said: "The word 'non-co-operation' is non-existent in the dictionary of the Hindu Mahasabha."—Press Report.

* * * *

In a recent speech at Bombay, the Mahasabha leader, Sir Gokulchand Narang, gallantly declared that "there were things much more sacred than 'sacred human life'".

The super-sacred problem, for example, of seats on the Viceroy's Executive Council?

* * * *

Mr Jinnah has left for Simla to interview the Viceroy "in connection," as a report says, "with the clarification of certain points raised at the recent meeting of the Working Committee of the League."

The Viceroy may with more justification beg Mr. Jinnah for clarification in intelligible language of the Committee's resolution.

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Memoers of the Anrar Party at Peshawar are reported to have condemned the Italian menace to Muslim countries.

What is the Muslim League going to do in reply to the organisation?

* * * *

"Haifa, September 23.

Leaflets in Arabic protesting Mussolini's love for Arabs were dropped at the same time as bombs when Italian war planes raided Haifa for the seventh time on Saturday".—Reuter.

Il Duce rightly thought that he would send, along with the affirmation, is conclusive proof, too.

* * * *

The German Ambassador in Moscow has come to Berlin on "a ten-days' holiday, during which he will consult Nazi leaders".—London report.

Does he need as many as ten days? This is rather exciting.

* * * *

Apropos of the rumoured Anglo-American arrangement in the Far East, a Tokio paper demands that "Japan must prepare in the military and diplomatic fields to meet any eventuality."

For instance, a dramatic Russo-Japanese non-aggression pact with China as the *piece de resistance*.

* * * *

Further confusion has arisen in the situation regarding French Indo-China.

Our headache, therefore, has also increased.

* * * *

Later Bulletin

Our headache has disappeared and given place to temper.

* * * *

There are rumours alleged in Berlin to be current in America that Senor Suner carried to Germany peace overtures from Sir Samuel Hoare involving the overthrow of Mr. Churchill.

These rumours are, of course, imaginary. But Samuel Hoare sure deserves them.

* * * *

Of the many theories tending to explain the final fall of France, the most sensational is one according to which a Baroness de Porte, an intimate friend of Reynaud, is responsible for the surrender of France.

Cherchez la femme is a truism which many are always only too willing to believe.

* * * *

The batsman was making a dogged stand when things were going badly. At length the fast bowler got in with a ball that just flicked the bails off.

The batsman calmly picked up the bails, replaced them, and nodding to the umpire approaching the wicket, said: "Jolly windy to-day, isn't it?"

"Yes," replied the umpire. "Here's your cap; mind it doesn't blow away as you return to the pavilion."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

A widow and her fortune are soon married.

Sometimes money talks but more often it stops talk.

Riches may have wings, but poverty is seldom a quitter.

Sooner or later the crooked man will find himself in straits.

A woman's idea of economy is to use an electric stove for the purpose of cutting down the gas bill.

It is said that only one woman in a thousand can whistle, but as long as she can talk she doesn't care to whistle.

PRESIDENT OF SUSPENDED B.P.C.C. ACQUITTED

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23

Mr. Rajendra Chandra Deb, President of the Suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, who was prosecuted under the Defence of India Rules, was acquitted today by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

The prosecution was in respect of a statement entitled "National Defence Corps," which was published in a local English daily on June 26.

The Magistrate held that the prosecution could not prove that the statement in question was made by the accused. The prosecution was unable to lay their hands on any copy of the statement, which was either in the accused's own handwriting, or was even sent by him to the Press. As the case had not been proved, the accused was acquitted.—A. P.

ARRESTS ALL OVER BENGAL

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23

Reports of arrests of a number of political workers and ex-detenus and imposition of restriction orders under the Defence of India Rules have been received here from different parts of the Province.

Mr. Dhirendra Chaudhury, an ex-detenu and Mr. Purnendu Dutt a labour worker, who were externed from Calcutta have been arrested at Chittagong. Mr. Kshitish Dev, Vice-President of the local Congress Committee, has been arrested at Natore, while Mr. Sushil Dev and Bhawani Mukharjee have been arrested at Rungpur and Hooghly respectively. Besides orders restricting their movements have been served on political workers of many other districts.—United Press.

A.-I. Forward Bloc Secretary Released

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23.

Mr. Satyaranjan Bakshi, General Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc, was released today from detention on grounds of health.

Mr. Bakshi was arrested on April 12 under the Defence of India Rules and was removed to Calcutta Medical College Hospital on July 15 for treatment.—A. P.

Ban Order On Congressman

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23.

Mr. Tarak Das Banerjee, acting Secretary of the suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, has been served with an order under the Defence of India Rules by the District Magistrate of Nadia. The order directs him to refrain from activities prejudicial to the successful prosecution of the war.—A. P.

Ex-State Prisoner Served With Order

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23.

Mr. Aswini Kumar Ganguly, an ex-State prisoner and member of the Executive Council of the suspended Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, has been served with an order, under the Defence of India Rules, by the District Magistrate of Hoogly, directing him not to take part in any political activity.

Mr. Ganguly, who was arrested in July in connection with the Holwell Monument agitation, was recently released from detention.—A. P.

Ban On Socialist Party Pamphlet

LAHORE, Sept. 23.

The Punjab Government, under the Defence of India Rules 1939, has proscribed the pamphlet entitled "Dukhi Dil Ki Kahani Yani Comrade Amir Haider Ki Muktsar Sawaneh Hayat" edited and published by Abdul Latif, General Secretary, Congress Socialist Party, Rawalpindi, and printed by him at the Narinder Electric Press, Rawalpindi.—A. P.

Ludhiana City Congress Secretary Convicted

LUDHIANA, Sept. 23.

Ghulam Mohd, Secretary of the Ludhiana City Congress Committee, has been convicted and sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment by the Additional District Magistrate under the Defence of India Rules for a speech delivered by him.—A. P.

Drill Only In School Compound

ALMORA, Sept. 23.

On his attention being drawn to the marching of students of the Tarikhet Adult Teachers' School—an institution conducted under Government auspices—the Joint Magistrate of Ranikhet has addressed a letter to the organiser of the school asking him to confine all such drills to the school compound.—A. P.

RADICAL CONGRESSMAN JAILED

DEHRA DUN, Sept. 21.

Mr. Sultan Ahmad, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, sentenced Mr. K. K. Sinha, Secretary of the All-India League of Radical Congressmen, to six months' rigorous imprisonment, to-day, under Defence of India Rules, and acquitted Mr. S. M. Puri, the co-accused in the case. Mr. Omprakash of Bareilly was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Five Arrests At Moradabad

MORADABAD, Sept. 23.

The police arrested five persons last evening under Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Foreigner Sentenced For Failing To Report

PATNA, Sept. 23

Mr. Andre Jequiter, a Swiss, said to be a resident of Calcutta, was convicted under Section 5 read with Rule 10 (2) under the Registration of the Foreigners Act and sentenced to a fine of Rs. 200 in default 2 months' rigorous imprisonment.

The prosecution alleged that the accused came to Muzaffarpore on September 1 and failed to report his arrival to the Registration Officer at Muzzaffarpore.—United Press.

Meeting Prohibited In Guntur

GUNTUR, Sept. 23

The Deputy Magistrate, Guntur has served orders under Section 144 Criminal Procedure Code on the City Congress Socialist Party, the City United Congress Party, the City Students' Union and the Press Workers' Union prohibiting them from holding meetings within five miles radius of Guntur for a period of one month.

Yesterday the District Superintendent of Police served a notice on Messrs. Subha Rao, Ramasubbiah, Narasimha Murthy and Srirmalu prohibiting them from taking out any procession and holding any meeting in connection with "Detenu Allowance Day."—United Press.

Socialists Arrested; Leaflets Seized

COCONADA, Sept. 22

Messrs. R. Satyanarayana and M. Jaganmohana Rao, Socialist Leaders have been arrested by the local police. It is alleged that they were found in possession of some unauthorised leaflets which were seized.—United Press.

Kisan Workers Arrested

CHINNAYAGUDEM, Sept. 23

Mr. G. Raghunayakulu, a member of the West Godavari District Congress Committee, has been arrested along with two others at Polavaram. Mr. Raghunayakulu is also a Harijan Sevak and a Kisan worker.—United Press.

Congress Socialist Gagged

TIRUPUR, Sept. 22

Mr. J. Simon Paul, Congress Socialist of Tirupur, has been directed under the Defence of India Rules to abstain from making public speeches till the cancellation of the order which has been served on him through the District Magistrate of Coimbatore. He is the Assistant Secretary of the Tirupur Town Congress Committee.—United Press.

Forward Bloc Secretary Convicted

POLLACHI, Sept. 22

Messrs. P. S. Sambasivan of Karur, and Karattupalayam Ramaswami Goundan, Secretary, Tamil Nad Congress Forward Bloc, who were arrested on August 14 under Rule 38 (5) of the Defence of India Rules, have been convicted and sentenced by Mr. W. G. Lamarque, the local Joint Magistrate, to nine months' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 250 in default three months' more imprisonment.—United Press.

Calicut Congressman Arrested

CALICUT, Sept. 22.

Mr. T. Ramanunni, Captain of the Calicut Town Congress Volunteers was placed under arrest yesterday by the Town Police under Section 121 I.P.C. and 56 Defence of India Rules. He was produced before the Sub-Divisional Magistrate and remanded to custody till the 30th instant.

The number of under-trial Congressmen in Calicut sub-jail arrested in connection with the observance of "the protest day" is 38.—A. P.

Bhopal State's People's Leader Arrested

(From A Correspondent).

BHOPAL, Sept. 23.

Maulana Abu Saeed Bazmi M.A., M.L.C., Editor, "Medina," General Secretary of the State People's Conference, Bhopal, was arrested to-day afternoon under Defence of India Rules. Several State people's workers including Shakir Ali Khan already in jail are undergoing rigorous imprisonment.

49 Khaksars Convicted

RAWALPINDI, Sept. 23.

Forty-nine Khaksars of Rawalpindi including their Commander and "Salar," who were arrested by the Police during the general round-up of Khaksars in June last, were convicted by the additional District Magistrate on charges of being members of an unlawful association. They were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment ranging from one day to one year.—A. P.

Limaye Arrested

POONA, Sept. 23.

Mr. S. K. Limaye was arrested to-day by the City Police under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Burma Ex-Minister Acquitted

RANGOON, Sept. 23.

Dr. Thein Maung, a former Commerce Minister of Burma, who was being prosecuted on a charge of sedition, has been acquitted.

The prosecution was started in connection with a speech delivered in Rangoon by Dr. Thein Maung on June 9 last.—A. P.

UTKAL CONGRESS PAMPHLETS SEIZED

CUTTACK, Sept. 23.

Information has been received here that the Police searched the office of the Koraput District Congress Committee to-day and seized printed pamphlets regarding compulsory war levies supplied by the Utkal Provincial Congress Committee for distribution in that district.

Arjun Majhi belonging to Nawarangpur taluk was arrested under the Defence of India Rules.—United Press.

SEC. 144 IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23.

An order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated by the District Magistrate Delhi prohibiting collection or keeping any heap of stones, bricks or any other missiles in or on any building along the route of the Sri Ram Lila procession for a period of one month.—A. P.

U. S. INTERESTED IN GETTING FREETOWN BASE

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.

The United States Navy is represented in diplomatic quarters in Washington as being interested in obtaining a new base in Freetown (Sierra Leone) if arrangements for American use of British Empire bases are consummated, according to a "New York Times'" Washington message.

It is stated that if the Navy is able to use the bases in Freetown and Brazil, it could draw a blockade across the South Atlantic and the base of Freetown would go far towards eliminating the necessity of patrolling the whole South American coast. The latter necessity has caused some senators to oppose the hemisphere defence programme.—Reuter.

Fifth Column In Syria

Notorious German Agent Busy; Vichy's Threats

LONDON, Sept. 23.

Italian and German propaganda, as well as the enrolment of Fifth Column agents of whom there are large numbers is proceeding at full blast in Syria, says the "Daily Telegraph's" correspondent in a despatch to his paper from Nakura in Syria.

Italians, the correspondent adds, now released from internment are being used as Fifth Column Agents as well as the Consular officials who, I understand, have resumed their duties.

NOTORIOUS 'AGENT PROVOCATEUR'

German propaganda is far more intensive than Italian. This is understandable since the work is directed from Istanbul by Seiler, an Agent Provocateur who became notorious in Iran during the last war, and from Teheran by Mrobbe who worked actively in various Arab countries when Minister in Baghdad.

It is alleged that the Axis plan includes the bringing into line of Iraq, where already propagandists and Fifth Columnists are intensively active.

FREE FRENCHMEN WARNED

News reachs me that the Vichy Government sent an agent to Lake Chad to warn Frenchmen, as they did previously to the army in Syria, that there would be retaliatory action against their families in France if they adhered to General de Gaulle's Free French Movement. The agent was given short shrift.—United Press.

RECRUITMENT FOR FREE FRANCE

NOUMEA (New Caledonia) September 23

Enrolment of Free Frenchmen in New Caledonia to fight with the Allied Force is expected to begin this week. It is reported that many are keen to join up with the Australians.

The town is decorated with General de Gaulle's flag and the soldiers are driving about in cars shouting "Vive de Gaulle".

In a wireless talk, M. Santot, the New Governor, said "Britain may count on every help from New Caledonia in her glorious fight for victory."—Reuter.

FRANCE BETRAYS CHINA

(Continued from Page 1

ese General-in-Charge of the South China army was not informed, and accordingly ordered his troops to cross the border presumably in accordance with a prearranged plan.

The French offered stiff resistance and the head of the Japanese delegation sent an emissary by air instructing the Japanese to cease operations.

Entry Explained

The entry of Japanese forces into Indo-China was in accordance with the agreement reached with the French authorities, declared the Japanese Foreign Office spokesman. It was not based on any territorial design on French Indo-China and Japan had no intention whatsoever of provoking French Indo-China.

Local Skirmish

An Official Statement announcing the entry of Japanese forces says:

"The Local Skirmish" which occurred was apparently due to delay in communication of orders issued by the French authorities.

Big Move Forward

Expressing gratification at the entry of Japanese military and naval forces in Indo-China a Japanese Naval Spokesman at the Imperial Headquarters asserted that "the new arrangement means a big move forward in the settlement of the China Affair as well as the construction of a New Order in East Asia."—Reuter.

French Garrison Surrenders

A Japanese Army 'communique' announces that a French garrison at Dongdang, on the Indo-Chinese border, surrendered this morning after "unlawfully resisting" the Japanese advance into the French territory. French troops were then disarmed.

Fighting had continued spasmodically for 11 hours, state other Japanese sources.

Commander Killed

Lieutenant Colonel Lobet, Commanding the French troops in the Dongdang area is reported to have been killed in fighting, according to a Haiphong dispatch.—Reuter.

I. L. O.'S NEW HEADQUARTERS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23

On account of the exigencies of the war situation and the difficulties in maintaining regular postal communications with Geneva, the International Labour Office has now set up a working Centre at McGill University, Montreal, Canada.

The work of collection on and distribution of information regarding Labour and Social Conditions throughout the world will be continued from this centre, and plans have been made for carrying on unimpaired, as far as conditions permit, all the manifold activities of the I.L.O. All communications and publications meant for the I.L.O. are to be sent to the new address.—A. P.

PROHIBITION IN NORWAY

As A Result Of Frequent Clashes With Germans!

LONDON, Sept 23

The Norwegian authorities are alarmed at the growing animosity to the German soldiery and the increasing number of clashes between the population and the Germans.

The disturbances are attributed to alcoholic excess and prohibition has now been introduced in many districts.

Residents are threatened with dire punishment if clashes do not cease. Sabotage is suspected as the cause of the collapse of the Kongsberg arms factory, power station and dam.—United Press.

AZAD'S ASSURANCE TO BENGAL CONGRESSMEN

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23.

The various difficulties which they were experiencing in the course of Congress work were explained by Congress Workers of different shades of opinion to the Congress President at a conference at the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee office today.

About a hundred representatives of different District Congress Committees attended the Conference over which Maulana Abul Kalam Azad presided.

The Congress President assured them of his whole-hearted support and that of the Congress Working Committee. He urged them not to depend on outside help. He was sure that there was no sufficient material in Bengal to reorganise the Congress in the Province. Maulana Azad said that in about a week's time he would be able to help them to chalk out a plan of action for the next six months.

Mr. Arun Chandra Guha, Secretary B.P.C.C. thanked the Congress President for the interest and sympathy he had shown in their work.

The Conference then dispersed.—A. P.

"GEORGE CROSS" FOR CIVILIANS

(Continued from page 4)

buildings rich in beauty and historical interest may be wantonly attacked, humbler houses no less dear and familiar may be destroyed, but 'there'll always be an England' to stand before the world as a symbol and citadel of freedom and to be our own dear home.

NAZI WICKEDNESS

And here I would like to tell sorrowing parents how deeply we grieve for them in the loss of their young ones in the ship torpedoed without warning in Mid-Atlantic. Surely the world could have no clearer proof of the wickedness against which we fight than this foul deed. We live in grim times and it may be that the future will be grimmer yet. Winter lies before us, cold and dark. But let us be of good cheer. After winter comes spring and after our present trials will assuredly come victory and release from these evil things. Let us then put our trust, as I do, in God and in the unconquerable spirit of the British peoples."

His Majesty made his statement from a shelter in the Buckingham Palace during a raid warning.—Reuter.

COMMERCE MEMBER IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Sept. 23

Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce, Member, Government of India, arrived here to-day from Madras. During his short stay in Calcutta the Commerce Member will be the guest of Sir Abdul Halim Ghuznavi M.L.A. (Central).—A. P.

Use Reserve Bank Resources To Check Slump In Prices

Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank Chairman's Speech; Dividend Declared

The 29th annual general meeting of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank was held at the bank's premises on Saturday afternoon.

The Profit and Loss Account for the period 1939-40, the Balance Sheet and the 29th Annual Report for the same period were adopted. The Balance Sheet showed a net profit of Rs. 95,097.

In the course of his speech Mr. R. G. Saraiya, Chairman, Board of Directors, who presided, said:—

"The twelve months that have elapsed since we met last have been one of the most eventful periods in the history of the world. The economic fortunes of India have been very considerably influenced during the last year by the progress of the War. A study relevant figures indicates that the expectations entertained by some businessmen, economic authorities and administrations about the possibility of an appreciable rise in prices enabling agriculturist to improve their financial prospects were unfortunately not realised.

The decline in the return to the producers was accentuated by measures like the increase in Railway freight, exchange restriction regulation of exports to neutral countries, and difficulty of securing steamer freight for export of commodities. Some of these measures like regulation of exports have been due to the supreme necessity of the War, and represent the indirect contribution of the Indian grower to the Empire War-effort. Some of these, like the increase in Railway freight, have been premature and ill-advised, as the rising prices of September last were not sustained and did not stand the stress of the marketing period. Owing to the loss of markets, in the words of the "Economist" of July 13, "we may witness the unpleasant and socially dangerous sequence of falling prices and rising stocks".

UTILIZE RESERVE BANK RESOURCES

I am sure that the authorities in India are alive to this problem. Their inauguration of the War-Risk Insurance scheme for raw commodities, among others, bears witness to this. But they must go further; they must see that the assurance of Great Britain, is made effectively applicable to the primary products of this country, that the resources of the Reserve Bank are fully utilized through co-operative and other agencies to enable producers to hold their produce whenever it is felt that prices have slumped to an unreasonably low level.

INCREASE OF DEPOSITS

Turning to the accounts, I may observe that a comparison of this year's balance sheet with last year's will show that the total resources at the disposal of the Bank were nearly the same at the close of the year as at the beginning. The only increase that has taken place is in respect of deposits from societies, the figures of which would, however, have been much larger had it not been for the withdrawals by some of these institutions that occurred in the closing few weeks of the year. It speaks volumes for the care and vigilence with which the affairs of these banks are administered that they have been able to emerge through the crisis almost unscathed. That demands aggregating to 25 to 30 lakhs were met on both the occasions by the Apex Bank almost as if it was a normal operation, indicates the strength and solidarity of the mutual business relations that have grown up between our Bank and the affiliated banks in various parts of the province. It also exemplifies the soundness of our own liquid position.

DIVIDEND

It will be seen from the Report that a dividend should be declared at the rate of 3 1/2 per cent. per annum. This rate is half a per cent. lower than the rate allowed in the past two years. Even then the amount to be carried forward is somewhat lower than in the previous year. The reduced dividend is a reflection of smaller profits due mainly to our conversion of premium securities with a high current yield into discount securities with a lower current yield.

TOTAL ADVANCES

Total advances of all types were Rs. 96 lakhs at the close of the year. This figure included purely short term advances aggregating to Rs. 28 lakhs against agricultural produce. Government securities, fixed deposits and other tangible securities. This represents an increase of 7 lakhs over the previous year's figure of such short term advances. This is a healthy development.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

The Bank has kept itself in touch with the new developments that are contemplated, such as the organisation of multi-purpose, better-farming and marketing socities. Our aim is to secure ordered progress in all these directions, and we shall not be disappointed if in the earlier years the pace of progress is somewhat slow.

The Bank has tried to chalk out the path along which the initial operations may be directed, especially in their financial aspects. Similarly, the Directors have expressed their desire to assist in schemes for the extension of facilities for marketing of the produce of members of agricultural societies. They have already agreed to open a few more sub-branches and branches for this purpose, and to take the work in hand at some existing branches which are not served by separate purchase and sale organizations.

It is indeed fortunate that we have in our midst an association of banks 'the Bombay Co-operative Banks' Association' established last year, which can formulate well-considered programmes of development that will be acceptable to all central financing agencies and which can make available the fruits of the experience of one of these agencies for the benefit of the others. It is also in the fitness of things that the development of marketing stands in the fore-front of the programme of the Association which has opened a training class in marketing for the benefit of the staff of its member banks.

FOUR KILLED IN FIRING ON RIOTOUS MOB

Order Under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. Promulgated: Ban On Carrying Lethal Weapons

ASANSOL, Sept. 23.

Four persons were killed when the police opened fire on a riotous Hindu-Muslim mob at Kulti (12 miles from Asansol) last night. Twentythree of the Police party including some officers received injuries inflicted by the mob.

It is stated that Muslims of the locality objected to a Hindu procession, which had been taken out with police licence, passing through the route granted by the licence, on the ground that there was a mosque very near the route. When the procession was at a distance from the mosque, the parties, numbering several hundred and armed with lathis and brickbats, came into collision, necessitating police intervention. As the mob, it is alleged, became violent and unruly and attacked the police with lathis and brickbats, the latter opened fire which resulted in four Hindus being killed and twentysix injured. Twentythree of the police force, including several officers were injured as a result of throwing of brickbats by the mob, the injuries of four being rather of a serious nature.

An order under Section 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated in the area prohibiting assemblies of more than four persons and carrying of lethal and other objectionable weapons for a period of two months.

Immediately after the occurrence, the Sub-Divisional Officer of Asansol and the Assistant Superintendent of the Police visited the locality and the District Magistrate of Burdwan is proceeding to the place this evening for post mortem examination.

Extra police force have been requisitioned from the District Headquarters and the situation is now under control.—A. P.

BRAZILIAN COFFEE SALES

LISBON, Sept. 23

Ever since the opening of the Brazilian Pavilion in the Portuguese Exhibition here Portuguese social organisations have provided money for the sale of samples of Brazilian coffee in the Pavilion. Proceeds of these sales have been devoted to charity.—Reuter.

NEW YORK COTTON SIX POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES
DECEMBER 1940

New York: Sept. 23.

Previous closing	9.44
To-day's opening	9.46
Difference	+2
To-day's closing	9.50
Difference	+6

BROACH EXPECTATION
Broach April/May ..... Rs. 202

LIVERPOOL COTTON
OCTOBER 1940

Liverpool: Sept. 23.

Previous closing	7.83
To-day's opening	7.82
Difference	—1
To-day's closing	7.83
Difference	Nil

NEW YORK COTTON
New York: Sept. 23.

New York cotton was moderately active following better overseas cables, but later increased hedge pressure caused setback. Trading in December began at 9.46, i.e. 2 points higher than the last closing. Prices steadied on increased trade and local support, but thereafter gains were lost on hedge pressure with December receding to 9.44.

The following were opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—
October (9.43/43) 9.46/45
December (9.43/43) 9.46/46
March (9.32/32) 9.35/35

The following are opening rates on Liverpool cotton market:—
American October (7.84) 7.81
American January (7.54) 7.55
Egyptian Giza November (11.99) 12.10
Egyptian Giza January (11.28) 11.41

LONDON COMMODITIES
SEEDS.
London: Sept. 23.

Castorseeds September October (£17 3/4 quoted) £17 3/4 quoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta September October (£16 1/4 quoted) £16 1/4 quoted
Linseed La Plata September (£12 quoted) £12
Groundnuts Coromandal September October (£14 5/8 quoted) £14 5/8 quoted

JUTES
Dundee September (£30) £30
Lightning September (£28) £28

RUBBER
Spot (11 7/8 paid and buyers) 11 15/16d. paid and value
Forward January March (11 11/16 paid and buyers) 11 3/4d paid and buyers

METALS
Tin (£247 1/2 buyers; £248 1/2 sellers. Firm) £254 buyers; £254 1/2 sellers. Strong
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (123 sh.) 123 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES
T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York: Sept. 23.

Previous closing	4.04
To-day's opening	4.04

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London: Sept. 23.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS
London: Sept. 23.
T T London on Paris not quoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE
London: Sept. 23.
The following cable was received from London:—
Business small. Market steady.

LONDON SILVER
London: Sept. 23.
Spot (23 7/16d) 23 1/2d +1/16
Forward (23 5/16d) 23 7/16d +1/2

LONDON GOLD
London: Sept. 23.
Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON EXCHANGES
London: Sept. 23.
London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

CROSS RATES
London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (unquoted) unquoted
New York on Bombay (30.32) 30.39
New York on Milan (unquoted) unquoted
London on Shanghai (0-3 11/32 to 0-3 11/16) 0-3 11/32 to 0-3 11/16
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1-2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS
3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS
Bombay: Sept. 23.
There was no trading during the night session.

Cherrapunji	66	62	24.7	276.8	—26.1
Bijapur	91	68	0.0	10.3	—2.3
Mount Abu	79	66	0.0	47.6	—9.6
Ootacamund	65	53	0.2	22.4	—3.3
Jodhpur	101	77	0.0	10.0	—1.7

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.—A. P.

WEATHER REPORT

POONA: Sept. 23.

The following is the maximum and the minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at the various stations during the 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. to-day:—

STATIONS	Temperatures Maximum	Minimum	Rainfall Past 24 hours	Total since June 1	Departure from normal
Chittagong	77	75	3.4	72.5	+0.7
Cuttack	91	79	0.1	57.5	+13.9
Ranchi	95	72	0.2	41.5	—3.7
Gorakhpur	89	74	1.2	30.7	—10.3
Benares	87	76	1.1	38.6	+4.8
Cawnpore	86	73	0.0	21.3	—9.4
Lucknow	86	75	T	28.4	—4.5
Jhansi	86	73	0.6	32.5	+0.7
Agra	90	74	0.0	15.4	—7.4
Bareilly	91	76	0.0	46.6	+9.7
Dehra Dun	85	68	0.0	53.7	—18.6
Delhi	93	73	0.1	17.9	—4.2
Ambala	93	72	0.0	21.7	—1.2
Ludhiana	92	68	0.2	23.5	+2.0
Lahore	82	66	0.1	8.3	—6.6
Sialkot	79	65	0.0	29.2	+6.9
Rawalpindi	77	51	0.3	21.5	—0.7
Srinagar	71	53	0.0	8.3	+1.1
Peshawar	85	64	0.0	1.5	—3.0
Dehra I. Khan	95	73	0.0	2.5	—2.8
Fort Sandeman	93	67	0.0	3.2	—2.0
Jubbulpore	82	72	1.1	45.9	—2.4
Nagpur	83	73	0.3	61.3	+20.1
BOMBAY	86	76	0.2	90.5	+25.1
Ratnagiri	85	73	0.5	90.6	—1.1
Ahmednagar	84	68	0.0	17.8	+1.5
Poona	82	70	0.0	18.6	—0.2
Sholapur	90	70	0.0	20.4	+0.9
Calicut	84	76	0.0	100.6	+14.7
Madras	92	78	T	11.7	—2.4
Shillong	67	61	0.0	4.6	+1.6
Darjeeling	62	54	0.1	74.1	—29.2
Pachmarhi	76	69	0.6	85.7	+17.8
Kodaikanal	62	54	0.4	18.5	—3.1
Colombo	86	77	0.0	19.1	—1.1
Jacobabad	98	78	0.0	2.0	—0.3
Karachi	83	76	0.0	4.6	—1.3
Jaipur	91	73	0.0	26.4	+5.1
Deesa	97	72	0.0	16.7	—6.5
Rajkot	95	71	0.0	15.9	—8.4
Bhopal	82	72	0.1	40.5	.....
Akola	82	73	0.1	33.1	+7.8
Amraoti	78	72	0.0	33.9	+7.3
Indore	84	69	0.3	39.4	+12.1
Marmagoa	84	75	0.0	109.8	.....
Malegaon	86	66	0.1	14.5	—2.6
Mussoorie	68	55	4.9	83.0	+13.9
Mahableshwar	70	60	0.6	236.5	—14.3
Baroda	84	74	0.0	18.3	.....
Belgaum	80	63	0.0	40.3	+3.1

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 23-9-40

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.9 deg. F, a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.11 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.90 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

'QUAKE ROCKS AFGHANISTAN

PESHAWAR: Sept. 23.

Earthquake tremors were experienced throughout Afghanistan at 7.25 p.m. on 21st September according to the Kabul Radio.

The shock, though severe in certain parts, did not cause damage.—A. P.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN
London: Sept. 23.
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed unchanged at £91 5/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London: Sept. 23.
The London Stock Exchange was mainly firm.

INDIAN LOANS
London: Sept. 23.
3 per cent Indian Stocks (£96 1/4) £96 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks (£107 1/4) £107 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£110) £110
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/53 (£104 1/4) £104 1/4
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£104) £104
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/58 (£100 1/2) £100 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS
5 per cent 1958/68 (£103 3/8) £103 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols (£73 3/4) £73 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100 1/4) £100 3/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2
4 per cent Funding Loan (£113) £113
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 1/4) £101 3/8
New War Loan (£100) £100
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£110) £110 1/8

INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors (11-0) 11-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (35-3) 35-3
Hydro Electric No dealings
Electric Music Industry (6-7 1/2) 6-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson (18-3) 18-0
Imperial Chemicals (26-1 1/2) 26-1 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (55-0) 55-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£35 1/2) £35 1/2
Dundee Rubber (27-10 1/2) 28-1 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (20-6) 20-6
Ford Motors (15-6) 15-6
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£50) £50
British American Tobacco Ordinary (78-1 1/2) 77-6
Carreas 'A' (£4) £3 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (95-7 1/2) 95-0
P and O Def (18-10 1/2) 18-7 1/2
Distillers (55-9) 56-3
Bredfords Dye (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
British Celanese (4-0) 4-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (29-3) 29-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (28-0) 28-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (13) 13-0
Inter Nickel Ordinary No dealings
Indian Iron (41-10 1/2) 41-3

TEA SHARES
Assam (16-3) 16-3
Donaro Tea (26-3) 27-6
Empire of India (18-9) 18-9

JUTE
Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-9) 14-9
Guia Kelampong (14-4 1/2) 13-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (25-3) 25-3

MINING SHARES
Nandydrug (22-6) 22-6
Burma Corporation (7-6) 7-6
Rio Tintos (£7) £7
East Rand Properties (37-6) 37-6
Rand Mines (£5 7/8) £5 3/4

MINE SHARES
Crown (£12 3/4) £12 3/4
Associated Portland Cement (55) 57-6
Trinidad Leasehold (66-3) 66-3
Sub Nigel (£8) £8
Spring Mines Split Shares (21-3) 21-3
Union Corporation (£5 7/8) £5 7/8

OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian (23-9) 23-1 1/2
Anglo India (27-6) 28-1 1/2
Burma Oil (45-0) 45-7 1/2
Mexican Eagle (4-3) 4-1 1/2
Shell Transport (35-7 1/2) 35-7 1/2
Royal Dutch No dealings

RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary (£28 1/4) £28
London Midland Ordinary (£11 3/4) £11 1/2
London North Eastern Def (£1 1/2) £1 1/2
London Southern Def (£9 1/2) £9 1/2
London Transport 5 per cent (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£27 1/2) £27 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York: Sept. 23.
General Motors (dol 48 1/2) dol 48 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 22 1/4) dol 22 1/2
U S Steel Commons (dol 56 1/2) dol 57 3/4
U S Steel Pref (unquoted) unquoted

LAVAL'S NEW ROLE

(Continued from page 4)

at Vichy is M. Laval, with Marshal Petain having become more and more a disgusted and disgruntled figure-head. M. Laval, though until recently the chief pro-Italian influence in France, is now working in the closest contact with the Germans.

The Washington report appears to have originated from the unhindered passage of six French warships via Straits of Gibraltar to Dakar. There is nothing to show that this naval move was pro-British, and on the contrary, a great deal to suggest that it was anti-British and was primarily designed to check the spread of the De Gaulle movement in French West and North Africa."

Gurkha Rifles Beat I. M. Academy

DEHRA DUN, Sept. 22.

The 1/9th Gurkha Rifles beat the Indian Military Academy by two goals to nil in an exhibition match organised by the All-India Darshan Lal Cup Football Tournament. The match was played in aid of the War Fund and the proceeds of the match will be contributed to the Spitfire War Plane Fund.—A. P.

WEEK-END CRICKET

Amberkar Bowls Six For Two Runs

Reports of further cricket matches played during the week-end show us some good bowling. Some really fine averages have been recorded.

Nothing outstandingg with the bat in the matches detailed was done.

The results are:—

AMBERKAR'S FEAT.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE —20 (Amberkar 6 for 2, Kenni 4 for 8).

SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART:—81 for five wickets (Kenni 35, Shrigaonker 15 not out; Daruwalla 3 for 23, Khote 2 for 19; Thakari 1 for 5).

CUSTOMS TROUNCED.

B.E.S.T. SPORTS CLUB: 134 for two wickets declared (H. Printer 67; S. Mahadeo 29).

CUSTOMS ATHLETIC CLUB:—40 (Abrahams 20—not out).

NARROW VICTORY.

RALLI BROS. LTD., C. C.:—96 (F. Fernandes 29, R. Gloverwright 18).

KILLICK NIXON AND CO. C. C.:—92 (Gab. Fernandes 48).

POOR SCORING

TATA SPORTS CLUB:—65 (M. B. Aroskar 28, P. D. Madan 14.)

BOMBAY TELEPHONE C. C.:—29 (Redkar 16).

* * * *

HIGH COURT SPORTS CLUB:—36 (N. D. Koli 13).

VULCAN INSURANCE CO C. C.:—69 (S. Mendonza 30, J. Rana 25).

DE MELLO'S 5 FOR 13.

SASSANIAN C. C.:—35 (Unwalla 12; P. L. de Mello 5 for 13, S. G. Shevis-kar 2 for 6, C. S. Gupte 2 for 14.)

BOMBAY SMALL CAUSES COURT SPORTS CLUB:—90 for 7 wickets (R. A. Laud 26—not out. K. R. Mohonikar 26).

DRAWN MATCH.

ELPHINSTONE C. C.:—90 for eight-declared (E. Doctor 41—not out; G. D. Lilani 5 for 21, Anklesaria 2 for 23).

MARZBAN XI:—65 for seven wickets (M. M. Panday 27—not out; M. Kahras 3 for 16, Doctor 2 for 32).

GOOD BOWLING.

"TIMES OF INDIA" SPORTS CLUB:—117 for eight-declared (R. Perkins 33, D. D. Brambundkar 24, K. Lelinwala 22; B. S. Achadwala 5 for 45, Somane 3 for 18).

BANK OF INDIA:—70 for six wickets (Vasantrao 16; P. C. Engineer 4 for 21).

DE SOUZA SCORES 46.

SYDENHAM COLLEGE:—167 (P. S. de Souza 46, R. V. Kapadia 21; Cooper 3 for 26, Pochkanawala 3 for 46; Daruwala 2 for 17, Asa 2 for 35).

JOHN BRIGHT C. C.:—59 for five wickets (D. Wadia 11, Hanhar 10—not out, Diwadkar 2 for 9, Sakroo 2 for 11.

GOVERNOR DESTRUCTIVE.

EMPIRE OF INDIA C. C.:—96 for eight declared (P. J. Chinoy 43 not out, S. S. Shapurji 18).

NEW INDIA ASSURANCE C. C.:—25 for six wickets (P. R. Governor 4 for 13, P. J. Chinoy 1 for 6).

Football

B. E. S. T. WIN

Solitary Goal Earns Promotion

Monday's match in the Hinrich's Memorial Shield Tournament provided more football than the contest on Sunday. The B. E. S. T. rightly earned promotion to the second round by defeating the Jaganath Fishermen by one goal to nil. The final tally flatters the losers.

Though, the first half was more or less snared, in the late period the B. E. S. T. were definitely on top. Yet, the Tramwaymen took the lead two minutes before the interval and failed to improve on this lead after crossing over, which was a tale of lost chances.

Raphael scored for the B E. S. T.

The teams were:—

B. E. S. T.:—P. Fernandes; P. Rana and R. Elliot; G. Babajee, F. Alvares and H. de Souza; M. Anthony, B. Gardner, S. Kolapkar, H. Raphael and J. de Souza.

JAGANATH FISHERMEN:—Poshya, Dharma and P. Mahadeo; Mahadeo, Jagannath and Jagoo; Babian, Ramchandra, D. K. Ramnathkar, Hari and Pandurang.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

Cooperage—5-40 p.m.—Welch Regiment vs. B. B. and C. I. Railway.

Varsity Football

PATNA, Sept. 23.

Dacca University entered the semi-finals of the East Zone Inter University Tournament by defeating Benares Hindu University by three goals to nil.—A. P.

Soccer At New Delhi

NEW DELHI, Sept. 23.

In the Mohendra Memorial Cup Football Tournament Bhawanipur (Calcutta) defeated Howrah District Association by two goals to nil in the replayed semi-final this evening.—A. P.

War Fund Hockey

RAMPUR, Sept. 23.

The six-a-side War Fund hockey tournament came to a close yesterday. Thirty-one teams participated. The 1st Rampur Raza Infantry won the trophy by defeating the Inter College Team by 3-2 goals.

The proceeds of the tournament, which will amount to about Rs. 500, will be contributed towards the War Purposes Fund.—A. P.

Demand For Dominion Status At First Step

(Continued from page 8)

effectiveness and to be prepared for the struggle, if necessary.

"CONGRESS PROGRAMME WEAKENS HINDUS"

That the constructive programme of the Congress including Hindu-Muslim unity and non-violence had only succeeded in a negative way as far as the Hindu interests were concerned and had weakened the Hindus in the past 20 years was the burden of the song of Hindu Mahasabha leaders who addressed a public meeting at Chowpatty on Monday evening.

Raja Bahadur Narayanlal Bansilal Presided:

The meeting was addressed by Bhai Parmanand, Sir Gokulchand Narang, Mr. Padmaraj Jain and Dr. B. S. Moonje.

It was stated that mere declaration of Independence by Britain would not make India free and Indians should develop enough strength to resist invaders and to maintain internal peace. Non-violence as such was not held up even by scriptures. The Congress had committed many blunders in the past including that of resigning of offices. The failure of Congress programme should make all Hindus follow Dr. Savarkar, under whose leadership they are assured of better results.

"IMPOSSIBLE PROPOSITION"

Moonje On Hindu-Muslim Unity

That troublous times were ahead and that Hindus should get ready was the call of Dr. B. S. Moonje, the Acting President of the Hindu Maha Sabha, who addressed a meeting at Dadar, under the auspices of the Provincial Hindu Mahasabha and the Dadar Hindu Sabha, on Sunday night.

Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole presided

The meeting was addressed by several members of the Working Committee of the Hindu Mahasabha from all over India, who attacked the Congress ideals of non-violence, charkha and Hindu-Muslim Unity.

Dr. Moonje said at that juncture, the Muslim League was in the good books of the British Government, and together they wished to deal with Hindu Nationalism. But, Congress with its shifting policies had, lost ground and the Hindu interests were in jeopardy in consequence.

"DUTY OF HINDU MAHASABHA".

Proceeding, he said that it was the duty of all Hindus to strengthen the Hindu Mahasabha and leave Congress. The Congress' stand of non-violence was untenable, in that it wanted Independence and also stuck to non-violence. How would it defend India? The Hindu Mahasabha made no fetish on non-violence, and would undertake the defence of India with men and material in a righteous spirit and for the maintenance of Dharma. As a result of the attitude of Congress, Mr. Jinnah's attitude had become dictatorial, Hindu-Muslim unity was an impossible proposition.

In conclusion he appealed to all Hindus to get ready and get trained in view of the troublous times ahead. They could do so either at the Nasik Training centre, or those in Bombay could make their own arrangements.

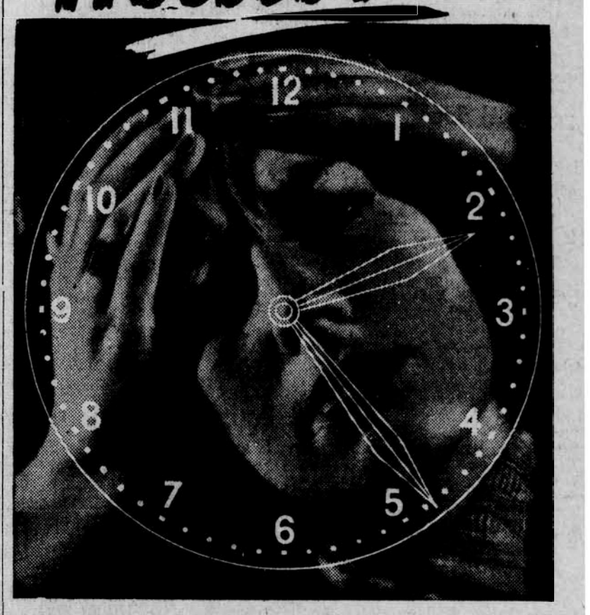
Bhai Parmanand said Hindus should unite first rather than aim at Hindu-Muslim unity. The belief in Swaraj in terms of Hindu-Muslim unity was a mirage.

Mr. Padmaraj Jain (Berigal) said that Indian Nationalism as it existed then was a homeopathic dilution of a large body of Hindus with a few Muslims. The Hindu Mahasabha attitude was a fight in a righteous cause—for the sake of Dharma as enunciated in the Gita.

Dr. Sir Gokulchand Narang of the Punjab said it was a time for action. The Gandhian programme of 20 years ago had weakened the Hindus and the Hindu-Muslim relations had not improved. They should wake up from their hypnotic sleep into which they had been lulled so long by the magic-power of the "Wizard of Wardha" and retrace their steps of the past 20 years.

Bhai Parmanand, Mr. Padmaraj Jain, Pandit Pandye of Jubbulpore and Balshastree Hardas of Nagpur also addressed the gathering in the same strain.

Splitting Head?



GENASPRIN
The SAFE Brand of Aspirin
kills pain QUICKLY—time it!

Two tablets of 'Genasprin' will soothe away that throbbing, that dull ache behind the eyes, those awful shooting pains, in a few minutes. 'Genasprin' works quickly because it is absolutely pure and because of its complete split-second disintegration. Doctors all over the world recommend 'Genasprin' because they know it cannot upset your stomach or harm your heart. Buy a tube or bottle to-day.

Sold in tubes of 10 tablets and bottles of 35 tablets by all chemists and bazar dealers. Not touched by hand during manufacture or packing.

At EVERY time of strain or pain 'GENASPRIN' *sees you through*

It gives instant relief from HEADACHE, NERVE-PAIN, TOOTHACHE, NEURALGIA, NEURITIS and RHEUMATISM. It soothes FLUTTERING NERVES and calms HYSTERIA. It checks COLDS and promptly controls DENGUE and other fevers. 'Genasprin' should always be used to fight attacks of MALARIA.

Trade enquiries to:—MARTIN & HARRIS LTD., Mercantile Buildings, Lall Bazar, Calcutta; Sudama House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay; or any Branches.

The word 'Genasprin' is the registered trade mark of Genatosan Ltd., Loughborough, England.

M&C

Arrhe! Ranjit! Give it up, man!

it's no use, lad, they just won't let you in on this conversation. You might as well not be there as long as you keep on wriggling with self-consciousness inside that uncomfortable shirt . . .

RAN. *Eh, what? . . . yes it's shrunk.*

US. Looks like a "reducing" girdle for the manly torso, Ranjit. *Stop squirming, man*—or His Highness will remember you as the Boy With the Itch, not the promising young man who'd make a good Private Secretary . . .

RAN. *But I've only worn it three times!*

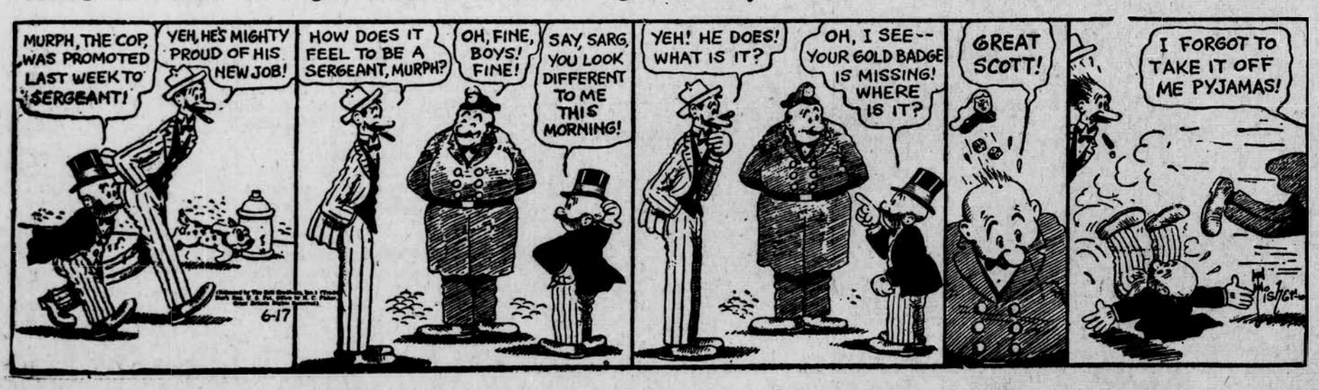
US. Twice too many, Ranjit. Now as soon as you can politely slip away, just come with Us and buy some Cella Shirting that *can't shrink . . .*

RAN. *But I never pay as much as that for shirting!*

US. Just so, young man—that's why you've been passed over so often. Isn't a Huzur Private Secretary's job worth a few extra annas on a shirt? You try; the distinctive designs and shades of Cella will help you a lot to assert your personality—and they last as long as the cloth itself. Not only is Cella unshrinkable; it also wears double as long, because it's made of doubled yarns.

Cella SHIRTING
A BINNY CLOTH
Look for this Trade Mark on the selvedge.
BANGALORE MILLS
Woollens and Cottons of First Quality

MUTT AND JEFF—A Sergeant Must Be on the Job Night and Day — By BUD FISHER


MURPH, THE COP, WAS PROMOTED LAST WEEK TO SERGEANT!
YEH, HE'S MIGHTY PROUD OF HIS NEW JOB!
HOW DOES IT FEEL TO BE A SERGEANT, MURPH?
OH, FINE, BOYS! FINE!
SAY, SARG, YOU LOOK DIFFERENT TO ME THIS MORNING!
YEH! HE DOES! WHAT IS IT?
OH, I SEE-- YOUR GOLD BADGE IS MISSING! WHERE IS IT?
GREAT SCOTT!
I FORGOT TO TAKE IT OFF ME PYJAMAS!
6-17

On The Air

TUESDAY, SEPT. 24

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. News in Marathi. 7-40 News in Gujarati 7-50 Yoga on the air. 8 Keep fit! 8-10 Tarabai Gadagkar. 8-20 Bombay Radio Orchestra. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 Vithal Rao Gurav. 9-15 Sitar and sarod. 9-25 Tukaram's Abhang. 12-30 p.m. Sindhi Kafi. 12-40 A variety. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Sentimental songs. 1-10 Instrumental music. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 Musical prelude. 4-20 World history. 4-35 Selected Indian songs. 4-45 Sports. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Jaffar Qawwal. 5-20 Frontier Tune. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Vithal Rao Gurav. 5-50 A. R. Khan. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Talk of the town. 6-15 Ratnakant. 6-30 Children's hour. 7 They weave a story. 7-15 Vithalrao Gurav. 7-30 Tarabai Gadagkar 7-45 Song from Saubhadra. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Topic of the day. 8-30 Meanderings of Marmaduke 8-45 Sound-news. 9 News in Hindustani 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-50 Chamber music.

Bombay II—Programme

41.41 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Rafique Ghaznavi. 7-50 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Jaffar Qawwal. 8-55 Vibhitra Been. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Indian music. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-25 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4.880 kc/s)

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Air Vocalist. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Navsariwala. 6-10 to 7-30 As in Bombay 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7 55 Rafique Ghaznavi. 8-15 Air Trio. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Rafique Ghaznavi. 9-20 Listeners' letters. 9-35 Dost Dushman. 9-55 Air Sextet. 10-30 Tarabai Gadagkar.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Geet aur ghazal. 5-20 Pratap Singh and party. 5-30 Violin recital. 5-40 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. 6-15 Gauhar Sultan. 6-35 Narain Rao Shahane. 6-55 Afzal Husain. 7-15 Raftar-i-Zamana. 7-30 M. Siddiq. 7-45 For villagers only. 8-30 The Bores, 4. 8-45 Duets. 10 It has happened. 10-5 Narain Rao Shahane. 10-20 Aizal Husain. 10-30 Thumri, ghazal aur geet.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

8 to 7-45 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 7-45 Gauhar Sultan. 8 Narain Rao Shahane. 8-15 G. A. Khan Gwaliori. 8-30 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Do Ghazlen. 9-45 Pratap Singh and party. 10 to 10-5 As in Delhi 1. 10-5 The band of H. M. Coldstream Guards. 10-30 Artie Shaw and his orchestra.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. For the children. 5-50 For the children. 6-5 Sushil Chakravarti. 6-15 Shantilata Devi. 6-30 Way down South. 7-30 Sujit Ranjab Roy. 7-45 N. N. Mazumder. 8 Berliner Khabar. 8-15 Birendra Kumar Bhattacharjee. 8-30 The Jantri Sangha. 9 Duet Rabindra Sangit. 10 Leelabati Das. 10-15 Monorama.

B. B. C. Programme

19-30 to 22-00 GSD GSI GSF GSG GSV GST and GSJ throughout.

19-30 Reg Wursgiove Band on GSD, GSI, GSV, GSJ, GST. 20-00 Coldstream Guards' Band. 20-30 Week by Week: Talk by Clemence Dane. 20-45 Music Hall: Jack and Eddy Eden, the Australian Entertainers, Renee Houston and Donald Stewart; Vincent Tildesley's eight Royal Master Singers; George Doonan; Percival Mackey Orchestra.

For sunny meals in sunny climes

HP SAUCE

When you get that "too-hot-to-eat" feeling, piquant H.P. Sauce brings back a real zest for your meals. H.P. is an enjoyable aid to digestion, too.

Untouched by hand

For the Blood, Veins, Arteries and Heart

Elasto

REGISTERED The Wonder Tablet

Take It—and Stop Limping!

LEG aches and pains soon vanish when 'Elasto' is taken. Bad blood and anaemic conditions are quickly overcome, skin troubles clear up, leg wounds become clean and healthy and quickly heal, inflammation and irritation are soothed, piles disappear, rheumatism simply fades away, and the whole system is braced and strengthened. This is not magic, *although the relief does seem magical*; it is the natural result of revitalised blood and improved circulation brought about by 'Elasto,' *the tiny tablet with wonderful healing powers.*

Write NOW for interesting Booklet explaining this new science of Natural Healing—*and make the discovery of a lifetime!* or we will send you V.P.P. a supply of 'Elasto,' with Booklet enclosed. Price Rs. 2 or Rs. 3.12 (double quantity), on request

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An English Remedy of Highest Repute

Mill Fixation Against Govt. Orders In N. Y. Cotton Market

POSSIBLE FOURTEEN MILLION BALE CROP

Spain Buying Brazilian Crop

Bombay, Sept 24

On Saturday there was Mill fixations against Government orders which absorbed hedge selling on the New York Cotton Exchange.

The American cotton crop service is talking of a possible fourteen million bale crop and says the yield per acre might be a record one owing to large cotton bales in the usually late crop.

During the first week, weather conditions over the American Cotton Belt were exceptionally very good and helped the crop to mature beyond expectation. It is too early to rely on a production of 14 million bales but we feel that the next Bureau report will be well over thirteen million bales.

Under normal conditions a crop of this size with export outlook obscure, would bring down a sharp decline in prices but the Government loans have fortified the position and even under hedge selling pressure it will be difficult to administer any important decline.

New Orleans market estimates five to six million bales will enter loan stocks. This remains a problem as everything depends upon was conditions in Europe.

According to the Cotton Exchange Service world consumption of American cotton is unlikely to exceed 10,500,000 bales, leaving the end of season carry over at about 14,700,000 bales. This will be largest figure in the history of American cotton.

There are reports that Spain bought at least hundred thousand bales of Brazilian cotton at 10 to 15 per cent below comparable American grade.

During the last week cotton prices crept higher on paucity of offerings which forced Mills and trade interests to bid up to obtain moderate contracts. Hedge selling was very small despite ideal weather. Cotton goods were very active although advances of a quarter cent in some cloths dampered buying enthusiasm. Some operators expect heavier hedging as the movement of the crop increases.

Chicago grains were nervous and irregular. Wall Street improved but buying was restrained by hints that some new turn in European events was possible by the week-end.

NEW YORK MARKET

In the New York cotton market speculative buyers were cautious on the theory that the recent advance might attract increased hedge pressure

The market opened steady. Near months formed liquidation and Southern hedge selling met persistent trade and Mill demand on the scale down.

At the opening December was 3 points down at 9.43 and closed 2 points lower at 9.44. October fluctuated between 9.46 and 9.43 and the session closed at a net gain of one point to a decline 4 points. Spot cotton price was raised one point at 9.90c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton market was quiet with scattered selling and closed at a decline of 2 to 4 points. Spot cotton was unchanged at 9.50c. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (11-47 a.m.) ..... 9.46+01

New York October lowest (10 a.m.) ..... 9.43—02

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Mill fixations against Government order absorbing hedges. Any pronounced weakness improbable. Belief purchases later months will ultimately show satisfactory profit.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Enquiry In Sugars And Textiles

MADRAS: Sept. 23.

A fair amount of business resulted in the Planting shares in the local Stock Exchange. Government securities and Banks remained firm whilst buying enquiry was visible in Sugar and Textile shares. Among Miscellaneous issued Indian Iron and Steel Corporation remained steady and Indian Steel Rolling Mills were well supported.

Transactions reported from 12 noon of 21st inst. to 12 noon of 23rd inst. were:—

Bank of Hindustan 21 s l; Pafkaja Mills ordy 8/6; Tropical Plantations Ltd 14/9; Cochin Malabar 6; Balanoor Tea and Rubber ordy 7/10 X-D S; Balanoor Tea and Rubber pref 9/14 c-d; B B Rubber 3/4; Coorg Rubber 26/8; Nilgiri Neerughundi Estates ordy 1; South Madras Electric Supply Corporation Ltd 11/4; Vizagapatam Electric pref 110; Travancore Sugars and Chemicals Ltd 13/8; India Sugars and Refineries Ltd ordy 7/2; Mysore Chemicals and Fertilisers Ltd 12/4 s l 12/2; Indian Steel Rolling Mills ordy 7/10, 7/11; Indian Steel Rolling Mills pref 9/6.

Colombo Market

COLOMBO: Sept. 23.

Rubber 55 1/2 sheet, 52 1/2 crepe. Saturday's closing rates were same. Copra 31-50 Cocoanut oil F.O.B. 22.000. Business nominal. —A. P.

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay, Sept 23

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy ..... Rs. 79 0 0

Pepper Maha Sud 12 per candy 83 4 0

Ginger ready bleached per cwt 15 0 0

Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt 13 8 0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, Sept 23

Yellow metal sheets ..... Rs. 57 0 0

Copper sheets ..... Rs. 71 0 0

Tone: Steady

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-35	20-15
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	9-05	18-05
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona East Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05

B. B. and C. I. Railway.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	3-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	(*Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)		18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank holiday this train will run on Tuesday.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Fair Turnover Among All Sections

CALCUTTA: Sept. 23.

The Stock Exchange ruled steady after the week-end and fair turnover took place round all Sections. Coals, Jutes, Teas and Miscellaneous Industriais were sought after satisfactorily while cotton shares remained more or less unaltered. Govt. Securities kept fairly steady over their last levels.

The following were closing quotations:—

Govt. Securities: 3 per cent Govt. Paper 77/7 s lot; 3 per cent New Loan 1963/65 90/9; 3 1/2 per cent Govt Paper 90/6; 3 1/2 per cent Loan 1947/50 102 s lot; 5 per cent Loan 1945-55 111/14 s lots; 5 per cent U P Bonds 1944 105/12 s lots.

Banks: Central 136; Imperial fully paid 147½ s lot; Conty 364 ct; Reserve 101/8.

Cottons: Basanti 3/1; Cawnpore Textiles 5/4; Dunbar ord 151; Kesoram ord 5/1; New Victoria ord 1/2; Pref 4/6.

Coals: Bengal 326; Bhalgora 4/8; Bhulanbararee 10 s odd lot; Bokaro and Ramgur 14/6; Central Kurkend 12/6; Dhemo Main 13/10; East Indian 15; Equitable 32/5; Sendra 11/8; Mundulpur 8/10; New Beerbhoom 15/4; Talcher 1/12; Union 32/12 ex-div 6 lot; West Jamuria 26/12 ex-div s lots.

Jutes: Alexandra pref 112/8 ex-div; Anglo-India 296/8; Auckland 181/8; Birla 20/8; Pref 118/8; Budge-Budge 324 small lot; Chitavalsah 7/12; Craig 1 small lot; Dalhousie 291; Gourepore pref 140; Howrah 47/8; Hukumchand 6/4; Pref 90/8; Kamarhatty 430; Kankinarrah 344; Meghna 23/8; National 20/6; New Central 277/8; Northbrook 30/4; Nuddea 49; Presidency 4/4; Rameshwara pref 9/6.

Minings: Burma Corpn 5/1; Consolidated Tin 2/14; Indian Copper 2/1; Rhodesia annas 14.

Eng. Companies: Arthur Butler pref 11/10; Burn and Co ord 359 c div; Hukumchand Steel ord 8/9; Defd 2/2; Indian Iron and Steel 28/15; Saran Eng 5/4; Steel Corpn ord 17; Pref 104.

Miscellaneous: Dalmia Cement ord 8/8; Bengal Chemical pref 17; Frank Ross 3/14 ct; Agra Electric 113 small lot; Upper Ganges Electric 10/12; Hooghly Flour 9/4; Associated Hotels ord 22/3; B I Corpn ord 4/5; Dunlop Rubber ord 1 small lot; Second pref 108; Calcutta Trams ord 13/2; Indian Cables 11/12; Indian Wood Products 25/8; British Burma Petroleum 3/8; Indian Paper Pulp 124; Orient Paper ord 7/7; Pref 99/8; Titaghur Paper ord 16.

Saw Mill: Borooah Timber 14.

Sugar Shares: Buland 13/12; Carew and Co ord 8/2; Cawnpore ord 14/4 small odd lot; Ramnugger Cane and Sugar pref 110 small lot.

Teas: Baghmari 5; Bateli 4/6; Central Cachar 50; Dufflaghur 12/8; Gohpur 5/2; Hasimara 36/14; Hattikhira 17/4.

Debentures: 5 1/2 per cent 1938/53 Carew and Co 105/8; 5 1/2 per cent 1939/49 Hukumchand Jute 3rd Mortgage 101/8.—A. P.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay: Sept. 23.

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Okitu Maru of 3958 reg tons Capt Z Okabe arrived from Karachi with cotton and general cargo.

O S Kaisha's Japanese s s Sumatra Maru of 4272 reg tons Capt K Oide arrived from Nagoya with general cargo.

O S Kaisha's Japanese s s Toa Maru of 3930 reg tons Capt Y Tunekawa arrived from Nagoya with general cargo.

LOADING

The following vessel is booked for loading on 23/9/1940:—

American s s Pres Hays.

IMPORTS

Bombay: Sept. 23.

76013 pcs bdls teakwood, 446 bars pig lead, 50 bdls scrap crepe rubber, 522 bdls rubber, 34 rolls coir matting. 250 c/s corn syrup, 135 c/s face cream, 62 bags bleached ginger, 350 c/s cashew kernals, 75 bdls Flit sprayers, 192 bags Glucose, 1407 spieces steel pipes, 1096 bdls steel pipes, 292 bags ginger, 392 drums dyestuff, 144 c/s wax wrapping paper, 399530 nos roofing tiles, 376 c/s sardines, 157 rolls box board, 49 c/s medicines, 150 c/s coffee, 200 brls skimmed milk powder, 92 c/s Nujal, 75 c/s Mistol, 90 bags gum, 275 pkgs truck chassis, 837 pcs steel gas pipes, 555 bdls steel gas pipes, 2602 bdls coir rope, 3566 bdls coir yarn, 126 loose rubber pneum tyres.

EXPORTS

Bombay: Sept. 23.

26 bls cotton twist waste Jani and Co; 3545 bags myrabollam P Mathradas and Co Ltd; 167 bales cotton waste L O Vora; 47 bags old buffalo pickers Ideal Overseas Exporting Agency; 5 bls cotton pcegoods W A Beardsell and Co Ltd; 300 bls cotton waste Champaklal and Co; 448 bags myrabollams R S Tata and Co; 230 tons scrap steel Gerhahd Gabriel; 750 bls cotton grey duck M Mackenzie and Co; 50 bls raw cotton Japan Cin Trading Co Ltd; 46 bls raw wool The Bombay Co Ltd; 84 bls raw wool Vasanji and Co; 10 bls raw wool The Anglo Thai Corpin Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton Ramgurain Sons Ltd; 16734 bags gradnut scrap B Rahadra; 20 bls raw wool C Lester and Co; 300 bls raw cotton Raghavji Kanji and Co; 200 bls raw cotton Kouishi and Co Ltd; 555 dms castor oil The Swastik Oil Mills Ltd; 100 bls raw cotton G K Kaisha Ltd; 50 bls raw cotton Kotak and Co; 1310 bags grdnut kernals Kishan Prasad and Co Ltd; 150 tons old iron Faiz and Co; 250 tons old iron Ali Bros; 245 drums magnesium chloride Pioneer Magnesia Works Ltd; 1371 bls cotton pcegoods E D Sassoon and Co Ltd; 1300 bags grdnut kernels S M Rajgor and Co; 100 bls raw cotton K Poonja and Co; 302 bls raw cotton N Pitchaiy and Co; 1984 bags bone sinew B Abdullah and Co.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Sept 23

The local bullion market was fairly steady with a moderate business. Local sentiment is inclined towards higher prices and new buyers are coming in. The tone of the market was steady. The market looks fluctuating around present level pending further political developments. Quotations were as under:

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	41	14 3
Aso		41	15 3
Sovereigns		28	5 6

SILVER

Ready	63	1	0
Aso	63	1	6

PROVINCIAL LOANS

Dated Lucknow, September 23, 1940.

A further issue of the 3 per cent. United Provinces Loan, 1952 issued at Rs. 94-8-0 per cent., redeemable at par on September 1, 1952, has been announced.

The loan is being raised to finance mainly certain productive capital expenditure on the Hydro-Electric Grid and State Tube-wells Scheme and the extension of the Sarda Canal.

In accordance with section 163 (2) of the Government of India Act, 1935, the loan will be secured on the whole of the revenues of the Government of the United Provinces.

The consent of the Central Government has been given to the flotation of this loan as required by section 163(3) of the Government of India Act, 1935.

The amount of the loan will be Rs. 100 lakhs (nominal).

The price of this year's issue will be Rs. 94-8-0 for every Rs. 100 of the loan applied for.

The loan will have a currency of 12 years from September 1, 1940 and will be repaid at par on September 1, 1952.

It will bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum from September 1, 1940. Interest will be payable half yearly on March 1 and September 1 and will be subject to income-tax, but refunds will be payable to holders of the securities who are not liable to the tax or are liable to the tax at a lower rate. The interest to be paid on March 1, 1941 will be for the full half year.

Madras Loan

A further issue of the 3 per cent. Loan of the Government of Madras, 1952, issued at Rs. 95 per cent., redeemable at par on 1st September 1952, has been announced:—

The proceeds of the loan will be used only for the following wholly productive capital expenditure:—

(i) Electric schemes, (ii) Irrigation works, and (iii) Advances to local bodies, agriculturists, etc.

In accordance with section 163 (1) of the Government of India Act, 1935, the loan will be secured on the whole of the revenues of the Government of Madras.

The consent of the Central Government has been given to the flotation of this loan as required by section 163 (3) of the Government of India Act, 1935.

The amount of the loan will be Rs. 70 lakhs, of which the Government of Madras will subscribe for Rs. 10 lakhs from funds under their control. The amount offered for public subscription is therefore Rs. 60 lakhs.

The price of this year's issue will be Rs. 95 for every Rs. 100 of the loan applied for.

The loan will have a currency of 12 years from the 1st September 1940 and will be repaid at par on the 1st September 1952.

It will bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum from the 1st September 1940. Interest will be payable half-yearly on the 1st March and the 1st September and will be subject to income-tax, but refunds will be payable to holders of the securities who are not liable to the tax or are liable to the tax at a lower rate. The interest to be paid on 1st March 1941 will be for the full half year.

Assam Loan

3 per cent. Government of Assam Loan, 1952 redeemable at par on 1st September, 1952, has been issued.

3 per cent. Government of Assam Loan, 1952.

In accordance with section 163(1) of the Government of India Act, 1935, the loan will be secured on the whole of the revenues of the Government of Assam. The proceeds of the loan will be used to fund floating debt, to undertake beneficial schemes involving large capital expenditure and to grant loans to local bodies for improving water supply in urban areas. The amount of the loan will be Rs. 50 lakhs (nominal value). The issue price will be Rs. 94 for every Rs. 100 of the loan applied for. The loan will have a currency of 12 years from the 1st September 1940 and will be repaid at par on the 1st September 1952. It will bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum from the 1st September 1940. Interest will be payable half yearly on the 1st March and on the 1st September and will be subject to income-tax, but refunds will be payable to holders of the securities who are not liable to the tax or are liable to the tax at a lower rate. The interest to be paid on the 1st March 1941 will be for the full half year.

HAPUR WHEAT MARKET

Hapur, Sept 20

The local wheat market remained extremely sensitive during the week under review, recording violent fluctuation. During the first two days, the undertone was very steady, then there was a heavy reaction on Monday and a sharp swing upwards on Tuesday. Since then, however, conditions are more stable. The earlier steadiness was mainly due to the reports that Karachi is exporting wheat to near oversea outposts and the rumours that Government may purchase a heavy quantity. The long and continued draught in the N. India also supported the bulls. But on Monday when it was learnt that the report of impending government purchases is wrong, also when there were slight clouds all over the U. P. and Punjab, heavy liquidation mostly of profit-taking nature set in. The fall in the quotations was precipitous. The tone again improved shortly after as the sky became clear. The more stable bullish factors are good spot demand, moderate stocks, little arrivals, dry weather and deteriorating political situation in the east.

On Friday last the market had closed at 3/3/2 1/4 for Mangsar and 3/2/7 for Jeth On Saturday highest for Mangsir touched 3/4/7 but had declined to 3/3/10 towards the close. On Sunday the market again touched 3/4/5 1/2 but subsequently fell to 3/3/3. It fell to 3/1/10 on Monday when Jeth was quoted at 3/0/7 1/2. On Tuesday the market again shot upto 3/3/5 1/4 and had closed at 3/2/11 1/2. Since then variations were small and confined within a range of 3 pice. Presently it is quoted at 3/2/10 1/2. The long futures are also steady which indicates confidence in the commodity.

Spot demand during the week was moderate and on an average 5 khattis were despatched daily. Arrivals did not exceed a few hundred maunds. The present stock is put at 511 khattis. The steadiness in the gram sections supported wheat also.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept 23

In sympathy with a decline of 2 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 198/8 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened very steady at Rs. 199/8. There were encouraging reports about Indo-China situation and with active buying and professional support, prices advanced to Rs. 203. The tone of the market was good owing to speculative short interest but later there appeared some liquidation and prices reacted to Rs. 202.

Later the market was steady but business was restricted and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 202/4. To-day being Farvardin Jashan the market is open upto 3 p.m. Closing quotations were as under:—

F G M G BROACE—

April/May ..... Rs. 201 8 0

FINE M G OOMRA—

December/January 178 12 0

F G M G BENGAL—

December/January 143 12 0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: Sept. 23.

Ready Delivery contract

NEW CROP.

		Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
Bengal Fine	149 51	+7	+4	+4
Berar	182-84	+10	+4	+2
C. P. 1	188 90	+21	+15	+13
C. P. 2	183-84	+13	+8	+6
Khandesh	176-79	+4	—3	—5
Muglai	178-79	....	....	....
Broach	192-94	....	....	....

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, Sept 23

Groundnut February	3	14	0
Castorseeds May	6	4	0
Cottonseeds January	2	0	0
Silver Aso	1	3	0
Gold Aso	0	8	0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Sept 23

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

	21-9-40	This year	Since 1st Sept Last year
In full-pressed bales			
Khandesh	30		2,582
Central India			1,610
Barsi and Nagar	29		4,754
Hyderabad/Gaorani			
Berar	13		3,882
Central Provinces			252
Total Oomras	72		13,060
Dholerras	118		344
N W Provincos			2,903
Rajputana			1,821
Sind-Punjab	766	9,662	5,006
Broach			
Coompta and Dharwar	383	3,172	3,878
Westerns-Northerns	131	2,916	2,309
Cocoanada			
Tinnevelly and Cambodia			
Total	1,300	15,940	29,321
Stock arrived at 5th Sept 1940			

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1940-41	1939-40
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 21-9-40	810000	1386000
Receipts yesterday 21-9-40	27000	39000
Export to date 21-9-40	117000	626000
Stock at Ports 20-9-40	2754000	2549000
Stock at Interior Towns 20-9-40	1943000	2744000
Stock at Liverpool 20-9-40	.....	.....
Visible supply 20-9-40	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 20-9-40	1182000	2306000
Quantity out of sight 20-9-40	.....	.....

COTTON STRADDLES

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 266 pen ay points at exchange 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 152 cent points at exchange 331

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Sept 21

Broach A/M highest 200 1/2 lowest 198 1/2 closing 198 3/4

Oomra D/J highest 177 1/2 lowest 176 closing 176 1/2

Bengal D/J highest 143 lowest 141 1/2 closing 142 1/4

AMERICAN COTTON WEEKLY STATISTICS

(IN 1.000'S)

New York, Sept 20

	Season to-date	This week	Season 1939-40
Total in sight (excluding linters)	1,182	290	2,328
Forwarded to American mills including Canada and other American (excluding linters)	778	151	841
Exports from U. S. Ports	116	29	618
Of which to Japan	12	3	52
Of which to China	—	—	1
Of which to Great Britain	87	27	228
Of which to Germany	—	—	39
Stock at U. S. Ports	—	2,754	—
Stock at U. S. Interior towns	—	1,943	—
World's visible supply	—	—	—
Of which American cotton	—	—	—
Receipts at U. S. Ports	783	146	1,347

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS (IN 1,000'S)

Totali forwarded	354	42	383
East Indian forwarded	31	1	49

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, Sept 23

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:—

Shipment September Rs. 8-12-0 F B H

Indian sugars ready:—

Ready (ordinary) Rs. 14-4-0 to 14-10-0

Ready (large grain) Rs. 14-11-0 to 15-4-0

Tone:—Quiet

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay, Sept 23

The local market was influenced by the firmness of the cotton market but trading was restricted. The British Ministry of Food has asked for tenders of Linseed from Western Ports but local prices being above Government parity, there is little chance for any new export business. There was some buying by offices and the market was steady. Closing quotations were as under:

Linseed September	Rs	5	9 0
Linseed May		5	14 3
Wheat September		3	15 9
Wheat January		4	0 9
Wheat May		3	14 9

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS.

Bombay, Sept 23

Castorseeds September—			
Opening	Rs.	35	0 0
Highest		35	0 0
Lowest		35	0 0
Closing		35	0 0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening		35	10 0
Highest		36	8 0
Lowest		35	10 0
Closing		36	2 0
Groundnuts February—			
Opening		29	0 0
Highest		29	5 0
Lowest		28	12 6
Closing		28	13 3
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening		24	4 0
Highest		24	4 0
Lowest		24	0 0
Closing		24	2 0
Cottonseeds January—			
Opening		20	7 6
Highest		20	12 0
Lowest		20	7 0
Closing		20	10 0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Sept 23

The market showed an improvement in the initial stages but later declined on some scattered selling with prices ultimately standing around the previous levels. Tata Deferreds opened higher at 1690 and improved at one time to 1700 later declining to 1676-4 and closing finally at 1682-8. The Ordinaries opened at 331 and after advancing to 333 fell down to 329-8 eventually standing at 331. Bombay Dyeings were done upto 910 but eased off later to 902-8. Indian Irons were fractionally better at 28-14.

The following are the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1682-8) 1690 1700 1695 1697-8 1685 1690 1676-4 1682-8

Tata Ordinaries (330-8) 331 333 330-8 331 329-8 331

Bombay Dyeings (902-8) 905 910 902-8 905 902-8

Tata Ordinary 331; Tata Deferred 1682/8; Indian Iron 28/10; Bombay Dyeing 902/8; Century 270; Central India 255; Kohinoor 330; Associated Cement 115/12; Bombay Burma 520; Scindia Steam 18/15; Tata Hydro 171/4; Reserve Bank 101/4; Imperial Bank F P 1482/8; Central Bank 36/2; Bank of India 133; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 90/4.

DELIVERY OF SHARES

Following Delivery Slips have been issued to-day:—

Tata Ordinaries 320; Tata Deferreds 90; Indian Irons 1,100; Bombay Dyeings 118; Buckingham and Carnatics 10; Kohinoors 18; Gokaks 15; Simplexes 25; Associated Cements 175; Bombay Burmas 17.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept. 23.

2-3/4 per cent 1948-52 Loan 95-12

3-1/2 per cent G. P Note 90-4

3 per cent 1941 Bond 101-8

3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 96-13

3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 90-4

3-1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 101-14

4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 105-9

4 per cent 1943 Bond 104-8

4-1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 110-1

5 per cent 1940/43 Loan 100-2

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 112-2

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 108-0

6 per cent Mysore 1959 118-0

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 103-8

4 per cent M. Deb. 1974 103

5 per cent M. Deb 1959 110-0

6 per cent M. Deb. 1954 121

6 per cent K P T 1956 121

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Sept 23

LONDON—

B C. RATES—

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 22nd March

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 22nd March

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 22nd March

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 Two months

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 333 1/2

Bank's buying T T 330

Bank's buying D D 328

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 81 1/4 nominal

Bank's buying T T 77 nominal

Bank's buying 60 days 76 1/4 nominal

JAVA:—

Bank's selling D D 55 3/4

HONGKONG:—

Bank's selling D D 85 1/4

SHANGHAI:—

Bank's selling D D 21 3/4

SINGAPORE:—

Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

CROSS RATES:—

Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 23rd inst.

Shanghai London 0/3 11/16 23rd inst.

New York London 4.04 21st inst.

London Java 7.58/62 21st inst.

London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 21st inst.

London Switzerland 17.65/75 21st inst.

London Stockholm 16.85/95 21st inst.

London Japan 1/2 1/2 21st inst.

London Canada 4.43/47 21st inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange: Quiet

Gold £8/3/0 20th inst.

Silver London Ready 23 7/16 20th inst.

Silver London Forward 23 5/16 20th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 20th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 20th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 20th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money:—Call No demand.

3 Months 1/4 per cent.

6 Months 3/4 per cent.

Tone:—Very easy.

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 20-9-1940 were as under:

Number of cheques—1,15,199.

Amount of cheques—Rs. 13,61,30,640-12-9

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Sept 21

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amr For Pow 5 per cent 2030	48
Amr For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	15
Amr Pow and Lt 5 per cent Pfd	44 1/2
Elec Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	35
Elec Bond and Share Common	5 3/8
Elec Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	63
Columbia Gas and Electric	6 1/4
Amr Tel and Tel	163
Int Tel and Tel 1952	28
Sun Life of Canada	270
Western Union Telegraph	19 3/8
New York Central R R	14 1/2
Great Northern Pfd	24 1/2
Union Pacific	83 1/2
Chesapeake and Ohio	49
Norfolks and Western R R	216
Australia 5 per cent 1955	55
United States Steel	57 1/4
Bethlehem Steel	80
Crucible Steel	30 3/4
Crucible Steel 7 per cent Pfd	93
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	21 7/8
Republic Steel	18
Anaconda Copper Mining	23 3/8
Kennecott Copper	29 1/4
Chrystler Motors	78
General Motors	48 3/4
Firestone Rubber 6 per cent Pfd	97 1/2
Gillette Safety Razor 5 per cent Pfd	37 3/4
Socony	8 7/8
Standard Oil of N. J.	34 7/8
Consolidated Oil	5 1/4
Texas Corporation	36

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1940

"Ankhi-Khoosh"—
"Ankhi-Khoosh"
EYE-DROP
A wonderful specific for Ophthalmia and all Sore and Mattering Eyes, acts like a charm for Tired, Watering or Itching Eyes.
Absolutely Harmless. Very Soothing for the Eyes. Ankhi-Khoosh Never Fails Ankhi-Khoosh does not smart.
CAN BE HAD FROM ALL CHEMISTS.

Nazi 'Baby-Killers' Sink Evacuee Ship

Hindu Mahasabha

DEMAND FOR DOMINION STATUS AS FIRST STEP

"Viceroy's Offer Unsatisfactory & Disappointing"

WORKING COMMITTEE SESSION ENDS: MAHASABHA TO URGE APPOINTMENT OF NON-OFFICIAL ADVISERS IN PROVINCES

BOMBAY, Monday.

THE SESSION OF THE WORKING COMMITTEE OF THE ALL-INDIA HINDU MAHASABHA CONCLUDED THIS AFTERNOON AFTER PASSING A RESOLUTION DEMANDING THE GRANT TO INDIA OF DOMINION STATUS OF THE WESTMINSTER STATUTE VARIETY WITHIN A FIXED PERIOD, NOT EXCEEDING A YEAR AFTER THE WAR, AS A FIRST STEP IN THE CONSTITUTIONAL ADVANCE OF INDIA.

THE COMMITTEE CHARACTERISED THE STATEMENTS OF THE VICEROY AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA AS HIGHLY UNSATISFACTORY.

"NATIONAL GOVT. IN PRACTICE"

In the course of an interview to the press clarifying the attitude of the Hindu Mahasabha towards the scheme regarding the extension of the Executive Council of the Viceroy, Dr. Moonje stated to-day that the Mahasabha considered the extended Executive Council as a substitute for national government.

"It will be a national Government in practice," he declared, "though in theory it may look otherwise". Dr. Moonje hinted that the Hindu Mahasabha would never think of withholding co-operation from this scheme provided the Viceroy was prepared to satisfy the minimum demands of the Mahasabha for four seats for its nominees on the Executive Council.

"If we enter the Executive Council," added Dr. Moonje "we expect to place before the Viceroy a further demand that the official Advisers in the Provinces must be replaced by non-official Advisers. The Hindu Mahasabha will claim representation in the Provinces on the same basis which we have stipulated in connection with the Viceroy's Executive Council."

IN CASE OF DISAGREEMENT

Questioned as to what would be the position if, after accepting seats in the Executive Council, the Hindu Mahasabha nominees differed from their colleagues who happen to be the nominees of the Muslim League, Dr Moonje said: "We will try to settle these differences amicably among ourselves. I am sure, in most cases, we will succeed. If we fail, we will request the Viceroy to act as an intermediary. Failing this, we will be prepared to allow the Viceroy to use his discretionary powers."

Questioned as to what would be the attitude of the Hindu Mahasabha if they were faced with a civil disobedience movement launched by the Congress, after the Mahasabha nominees take office, Dr. Moonje said: "We will take all the necessary steps for the maintenance of law and order."

ON TIME LIMIT

Referring to the demand of the Mahasabha for the grant of Dominion Status to India within one year after the war, Dr. Moonje said that the Mahasabha would not be very particular about the time limit. "We are prepared to allow a margin" he added, "because we are aware that constitutional changes require time."

Referring to the Pakistan scheme Dr. Moonje declared: "The Hindu Mahasabha will never agree to any future constitution of which Pakistan is a part. We are prepared to co-operate with the Congress in its opposition against the Pakistan scheme."

Referring to his interview with the Viceroy, Dr. Moonje said that the impression which he had gathered was that the British Government did not want to make up its mind, one way or the other, regarding the Pakistan scheme.

"But the Hindu Mahasabha", declared Dr. Moonje "would oppose the scheme tooth and nail when it comes up for consideration when the future constitution of India is decided.

"Unsatisfactory And Disappointing"

The following is the text of the resolution passed by the Committee:—

Resolved that the statement made recently by H.E. the Viceroy and the Secretary of State for India are highly unsatisfactory and disappointing, in that they make no reference to India's right to Independence which has been declared to be the goal of Hindu Mahasabha; reference made to the Grant of Dominion Status as an immediate step in constitutional advance is vague and uncertain. Hindu Mahasabha claims Dominion Status of the Westminster type within a definite time limit not exceeding a year after the war.

That the statement made to the effect that the British Government will not agree to hand over Indian Administration to a system of Government which will not be acceptable to large and powerful elements of Indian life, requires clarification as it is capable of the interpretation that if the Moslem League, the Princes or the others vested interests oppose the recognition of the Legitimate rights of the majority in India, the further constitutional advance will be held up or the rights of the majority will be surrendered to them which will mean the negation of principle of democracy and incitement to minorities to obstruct and revolt.

The temporary expedience suggested, namely the expansion of the Central Executive Council and the institution of the War Advisory Council will succeed only if a convention grows that the Viceroy will act as the constitutional head of the administration and all real power and responsibility is granted to these bodies.

The Hindu Maha Sabha notes with regret and disappointment that the British Government even at this crisis should not be prepared to give up its old Imperialistic policy and states that its latest proposal is hardly of a nature to satisfy the demands of the Indian people. In the Mahasabha's opinion a great opportunity has been lost by the Government. The Mahasabha makes it clear to the people of India and particularly to the Hindus that in all its actions and activities it will be guided by a policy, whereby the Hindu interests will be furthered and no elements will be permitted to dominate the public life of India to the detriment of the Hindus.

The Hindu Mahasabha is determined to fight every inch of ground both inside and outside the Government to achieve the above subject. The Hindu Mahasabha will accept any reasonable and honourable offer made by the Government, only if it will stimulate and advance the Hindu cause and prevent any encroachment being made on the rights of the Hindus by the reactionary elements in the country. But this acceptance of the offer will not be considered to constitute a bar to Hindu Mahasabha carrying on agitation for the further advancement of the Hindu cause and interest.

The Hindu Mahasabha hereby calls upon all Hindus to support the Hindu Mahasabha by joining it in large numbers and otherwise supporting it in the policy as stated above, to organise themselves with all speed and

(Continued on page 6, col. 5)

294 Including 83 Out Of 90 Children Drowned

Heavy Sea Swamps Life-Boats And Defeats Gallant Efforts At Rescue

LONDON, September 23.

A SHIP conveying 90 children and nine escorts to Canada under the Overseas Reception Board evacuation scheme has been torpedoed and sunk.

It is feared that 83 children and seven escorts have been lost. A warship brought seven children to a northern port.

Altogether 294 lives are feared to have been lost.

The children embarked at a west coast port during the second week of September and were well on their way to their new wartime home when the ship was struck at 10 p.m. on September 17.

As with the evacuee ship which was torpedoed late in August on a similar voyage when the whole company of 320 children was saved unharmed, the precautions taken by the Board were on a scale which had made it possible to transport overseas nearly 3,000 children without hitherto a single casualty.

For every 15 children there was a skilled and experienced escort in addition to a doctor and a nurse. The complement of the ship was so calculated that for every child there was on adult passenger aboard. Tragic circumstances defeated all precautions.

A number of children are believed to have been killed by the explosion. There was a terribly heavy sea which swamped many boats and defeated gallant efforts at rescue.

The children who practically all came from state-aided schools were drawn almost entirely from the vulnerable areas in and around London.

W. B. Forsyth of London, a passenger aboard the liner, interviewed said: "We had no warning before the attack. The ship was so badly holed that she listed heavily and almost immediately began to sink. We had only twenty minutes to get life-boats lowered and away.

The casualties occurred practically at once. Darkness added to the difficulties.

SINKING WON'T END EVACUATION SCHEME

NEW YORK Sept

The conduct of the children in the torpedoed evacuee liner is described in the New York press as "Marvellous." "Magnificent." The News forms the day's leading story under such headlines as "submarine sinks mercy ships."

The London correspondent of Associated Press emphasises the gallant conduct of the children in marching to the lifeboats and their magnificent action in the boats, where they sang "Roll out the barrel."

The children were absolutely marvellous and they carried out every order says a cable to the "New York Times." The same paper's London correspondent says the sinking will not bring the evacuation scheme to a halt. —Reuter.

HITLER AS "MAD BUTCHER"

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.

Grave horror and indignation have swept the United States at the news of the torpedoing of the British children's liner. Some Congressmen greeted the news with exclamations "fiendish" "outrageous" and referred to Hitler as "a mad butcher." Expressions of disgust at Hitler's action and sympathy for the victims were heard on all sides of New York.

The Press proclaims that the little victims "faced the ordeal like men and sang as the ship went down and comforted those dying in the lifeboats."

ROUSES INDIGNATION

OTTAWA:—The ruthlessness of Nazi warfare has aroused the greatest indignation throughout Canada. It is felt that the crime emphasises more than ever the collision of ideals between the Empire and Hitler.

Senator Carrine Wilson, leader of the Canadian efforts to bring the children to Canada told Reuter: "The sinking strengthens our determination to bring our children to a place of safty."

British Navy Attacks Sidi Barrani Again

Italians Bomb Mosque In Haifa: Raids On Malta And Kenya Town

CAIRO, September 23.

British naval forces attacked the enemy position in Sidi Barrani area in the early hours of Sunday with good results, according to a Naval 'communique' issued in Alexandria.

R. A. F. Works Havoc

An R. A. F. communique states that a series of reconnaissance flights were carried out by the R. A. F. on Saturday over enemy territory in the Western Desert and valuable information was obtained.

At Sidi Barrani our bombers raided the aerodrome and troop positions. Bombs burst among aerodrome buildings close to a group of three enemy fighters.

Direct hits were registered on a supply dump. All our aircraft returned safely.

In East Africa the South African Air Force attacked Birkao where buildings were bombed. Several fires started and a small factory was damaged.

Seventy per cent of the buildings were gutted.

R. A. F. bombers operating from Sudan raided Tessemi aerodrome. One enemy aircraft was badly damaged by a near miss.

Enemy bombers attempting to raid Aden yesterday were driven off. No damage was done.

Malta Bombed Again

A small number of enemy fighters and bombers flew over the island on Sunday morning, states a Malta communique. Bombs destroyed several houses and killed one civilian.

Italian Planes Attack Kenya

A Nairobi War 'communique' states that on Saturday morning Italian aircraft attacked Isiolo in Kenya. Bombs were dropped but there were no air force or military casualties and no damage.

SEVENTH RAID ON HAIFA

Leaflets in Arabic protesting Mussolini's love for Arabs were dropped at the same time as bombs when Italian warplanes raided Haifa for the seventh time on Saturday.

Bombs which damaged the mosque killed and severely injured people sheltering nearby.

Another bomb exploded inside the Muslim cemetery tearing open graves, demolishing tombstones, scattered fragments of which caused casualties.

A bus carrying ten Arab passengers was struck by a bomb killing the driver and injuring the passengers.

A British constable immediately lifted the driver's body inside and drove the bus to a hospital.

Arab and Jewish wardens worked side by side rescuing the injured and fighting fires.—Reuter.

Mysterious Black-Out In Allahabad

CITY THROWN IN DARKNESS FOR ONE FULL HOUR AND THEN CURRENT RESTORED AUTOMATICALLY!

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Sept 23.

Allahabad experienced one hour's black-out on Saturday night. The cause of the black-out is shrouded in mystery The Electric Supply Company themselves are reported to be puzzled because the current was restored automatically even before authorities of the Power House could themselves detect defect which caused the black-out in the whole city. The Police, too, are intrigued by this curious incident and the Superintendent of Police has ordered a searching enquiry into the matter. One explanation that is being offered is that the black-out was caused by a pin in the 'reducing valve' somewhere between turbines and boilers going out of its position but as the pin could not have returned to its normal position of itself and nobody is prepared to say who put it right, the mystery of the black-out is deepened still further.

The police are taking every precaution and the C.I.D. are expected to track down the offenders.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — **THE RINGER**

THERE/ THAT'S FOR THE YEARS I SPENT BEHIND BARS/ AND FOR THE FINISH---
11-4
THAT'S ENOUGH, RINGER/ HE'S WORTH MORE ALIVE THAN DEAD... FOR THE PRESENT/
Copr 1939, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.
YOUR PERSONAL QUARREL CAN WAIT/ FIRST I WANT THE PLANS TO SEND TO MY COUNTRY/
WADE TAKES UP THE TRAIL, BACK IN LONDON...
HERE/ YUH CAN'T BREAK IN—THAT'S DR. LOMOND'S ROOM/
WE CAN'T WAIT FOR FORMALITIES/ DR. LOMOND IS THE RINGER/

The Half-Column By "Dim"

I seem to be getting more than my share of publicity from "Zabak". A week ago he gave me a sort of free advertisement under "Situations Wanted" or "Job Hunting". I feel sure some day (soon?) I'll be able to do the same for him. A moralist, I admire his efforts at cleaning up contemporary Bombay journalism and his courage in the belief that a skunk must continue to smell. I feel sorry that in four years of its existence "The Sunday Standard" progresses from the *Chota Peg* to *Zabak*. That way its walls will never be plastered.

The sinking of the evacuee ship is a sad commentary on Nazi civilisation and Nazi morals and Nazi *Kultur*. The cries of drowning children are going to be of little help to the Nazis in this war.

The King in his broadcast has announced that a new order or distinction has been created by him. It is the George Cross, which is to rank immediately below the Victoria Cross. Somehow those words "For Valour" which appear on the V. C. are soul-stirring.

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